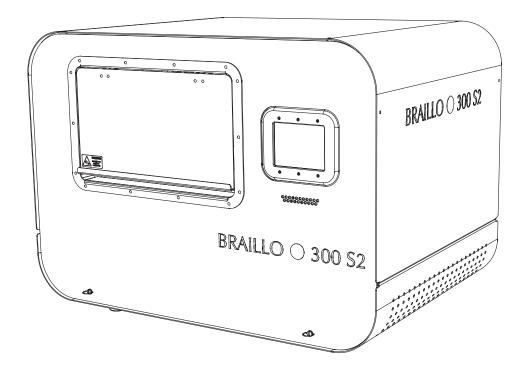
BRAILLO 300 S2.1



User's Guide





Dear Valued Customer,

Thank you for purchasing a Braillo braille printer and placing your trust in our company and products.

I know that the purchase of a production braille printer is a big one, and we are proud that you have chosen us. You have joined a close community that includes the largest and most important braille production centers in the world.

Since 1980, Braillo has manufactured the finest braille printers available, many of which are still being used today. We provide a comprehensive warranty up to 4 years, which is unmatched in this industry. For further peace of mind, your Braillo is upgradeable, meaning that as technology changes, your printer will have the ability to change with it. Our goal is to manufacture a braille printer that when properly maintained by following the instructions in this manual, will not only last decades, but will also produce braille that is recognized as the highest quality available.

We rely on a close cooperation with our customers and we encourage your suggestions for improvements. Please take a moment to register your printer so we can provide a lifetime of technical support, updates and special prices.

Again, thank you for giving us this opportunity to serve you.

Best regards,

Patrick N. Nunnelly Managing director

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1. PRINTER BASIC

Thank you for your purchase of the Braillo 300 S2.1. Please read this manual carefully before installing and operating this printer.

Key features

- Prints interpoint, both sides of the sheet are printed simultaneously
- Prints up to 300 characters per second
- Prints up to 900 pages per hour (on a 12-inch sheet)
- Self-test system that checks the magnets continuously during printing
- Reliable, sturdy construction
- Safety switches will turn the printer off if someone accidentally opens the cover while printing

Maximizing the operational life of your Braillo printer

Many 30-year-old Braillo printers are still in daily operation – a testament to their quality. To maximize the life of your Braillo printer, we strongly recommend using the correct tools, which come with your printer; as well as following the correct procedures, which we prescribe in the manual and reinforce in our training courses.

Additionally, just as the wrong wrench can ruin a nut, using poor quality braille paper can ruin the printer's pins, print shoes and moveable parts by causing them to wear out prematurely. Failures due to user negligence of this nature, just as repairs carried out by untrained personnel, may compromise your warranty rights.

Braillo recommends using our specialized braille paper and having your printer serviced by certified technicians who have successfully completed our training course.

More information regarding our training courses can be found on our website:

http://braillo.com/braillo-services/ http://braillo.com/event-registration/

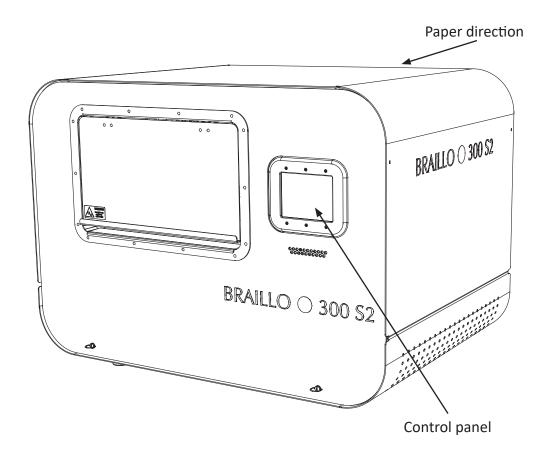
More information on our braille paper can be found on our websites:

http://braillo.com/braille-paper/ http://braillepaper.com/

Printer overview

Please see the figure below.

Note that the right-hand and left-hand side are referred to as if you were standing behind the printer facing the opening where the paper is inserted into the printer.



2. INSTALLATION

Table

The printer should be placed on a sturdy table. Please note that this printer weighs 105 kg.

Space

The minimum space required for the Braillo 300 S2.1 is approximately $1.25 \,\mathrm{m} \times 1.5 \,\mathrm{m}$ (4 x 5 feet). However, it will be more space required both behind and around the printer so that one can easily replace the boxes of paper and perform regular maintenance without moving the printer.

Environment

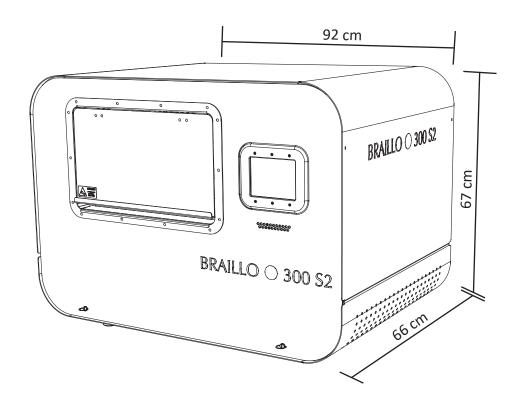
Braillo printers are made to operate continuously and to be reliable for many years. However, sensitive electronic and mechanical parts require a suitable installation environment to ensure long and trouble-free operation. Temperature should be between 15° - 30° C (60° - 86° F), and relative humidity between 40° and 60° .

Maintain a clean environment because dust may clog the printer - especially when combined with high humidity! Too low humidity should also be avoided to prevent electrostatic problems. Some paper qualities may generate excessive paper dust. This should be removed with a vacuum cleaner and a damp cloth. (About every 50,000 sheets).

Electrical

Single phase 230 volt (+/- 10%), 50/60 Hz, circuit breakers should be min. 6 amps.

Be sure to consult your distributor/supplier for further details concerning the installation site. Failure to meet the installation requirements may relieve the supplier of any warranty responsibilities.



2.1 Unpacking

Unpacking and installation can be done by the user.

Any kind of lifting of the printer must always be done from the base at the bottom of the printer, and should be done with extreme care.

Make sure that your Braillo printer has not been damaged in transport. Check if the packing is damaged; If so, it's possible that the printer has also been damaged or scratched. If any damages are found, please contact your distributor or Braillo Norway AS immediately.

Also check that the printer is accompanied with the following items:

- Power cable for the printer
- Data cable, USB
- Data cable, ethernet (shielded)
- A small stack of paper
- User's guide
- Tool kit for service and maintenance

If any of these items are missing, please contact your distributor or Braillo Norway AS.



Important!

It's very important that the printer's specified voltage value, 230V, +/- 10%, corresponds with the local mains power supply available.

If the plug on the mains power cable is to be replaced, note that the yellow/green wire is the grounding (earthing) wire.



Note! The printer must always be connected to ground!

After the printer is unpacked, we advice that the transport box is stored for possible later use.

BRAILLO B300 S2.1

2.2 The Braillo S2 Stand option

The B300 S2.1 can optionally be delivered with the Braillo S2 Stand.

If that is the case, you have to add the wheels under the Stand, one in each corner.

This can be done simplest by following the procedure described below.

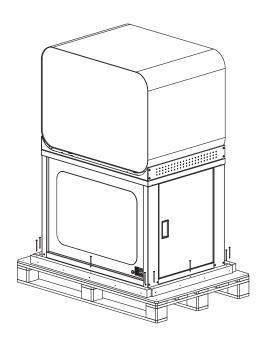
Make sure you are at least two persons while doing this!



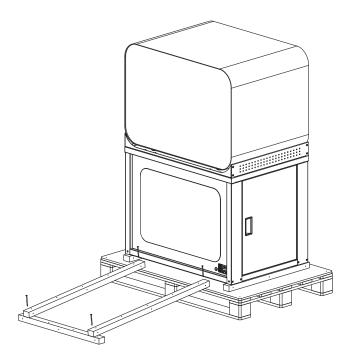
Note! Do not lay the printer on the side to mount the wheels!

How to add the wheels on the Stand

1. Remove the packaging, then remove the wood strips

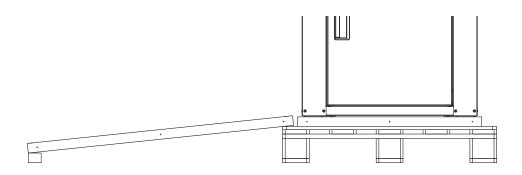


2. Remove the screws and the four wood strips around the printer



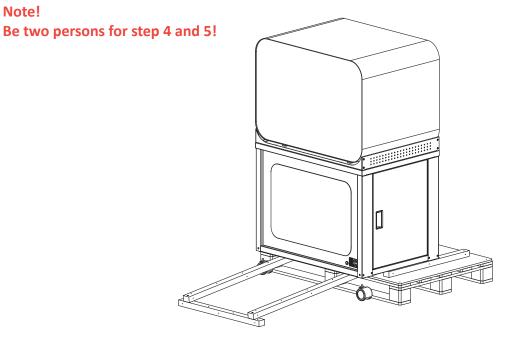
3. Make a slope by using the two long and one short wood strips, and place them like shown in the figure above.

Note! Use screws to secure both ends on the long wood strips!



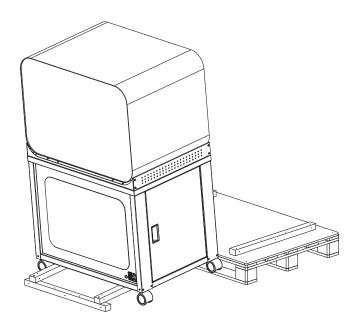
When done, it should look like this seen from the side

Note!



4. Slide the printer carefully out sideways and mount the two first wheels. Use the thin 13 mm wrench from the toolbox to tighten the wheels.



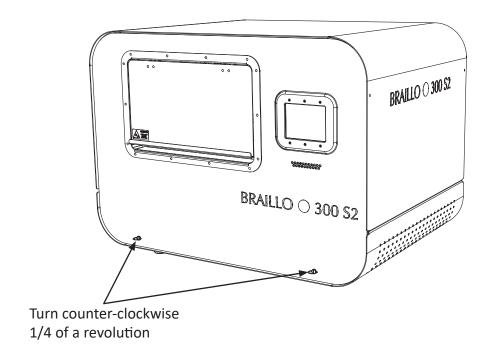


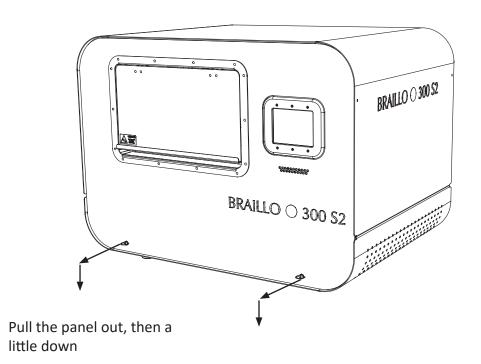
5. Then slide the printer further down the slope so the two last wheels can be mounted. Finally, pull it further down until the printer can roll out on the floor.

BRAILLO B300 S2.1

2.3 Removal of the side panels

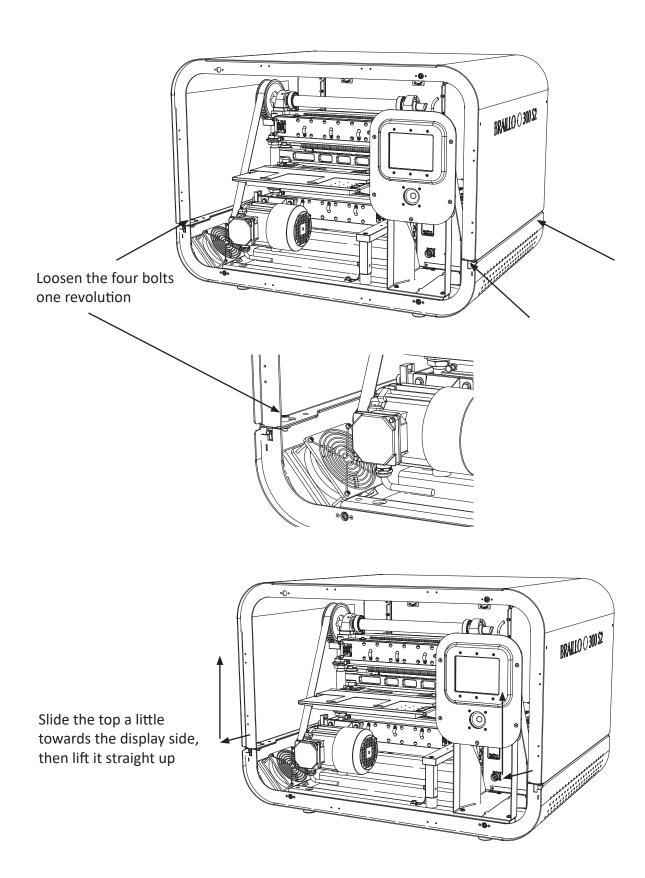
The side panels can be removed by turning the quarter revolution fasteners counter-clockwise.





2.4 Removal of the top

If you are going to do maintenance, it can be more convenient to remove the top. Remove both side panels as described in section 2.3 'Removal of the side panels' on page 13. Loose the four bolts one revolution, then slide the top a little towards the operating panel side. Then lift it straight up.



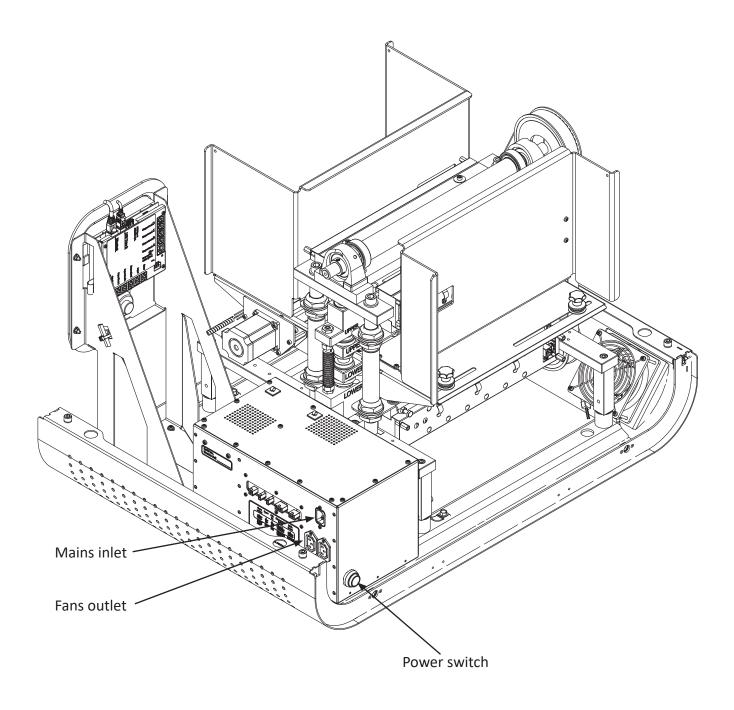
2.5 Connecting the printer to the mains

The connection for the mains inlet is placed on the El-Unit inside the printer.

It can be reached by removing the side panel on the opposite side from the operating panel.

Put the mains cable through the oval opening in the bottom plate just below the inlet on the El-Unit.

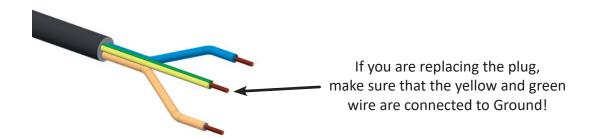
Connect the enclosed mains power cable to the Mains inlet. If you need to replace the connector on the mains cable, see section 2.6 'Secure the grounding' on page 16.



2.6 Secure the grounding

The printer's mains cable must always be connected to ground!

If the plug on the mains power cable is to be replaced with one that is compatible with the local electric contact points, observe that the yellow/green wire is the grounding (earthing) wire. Also make sure that you are connecting to $230 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, 50/60 Hz.



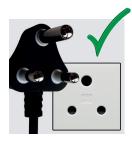
Examples of mains plugs and sockets with ground











These two socket types are ok to use with the enclosed cable.

With these and other types, you have to replace either the complete cable, or the plug on the enclosed cable.

Do not use mains plugs or sockets without ground!





2.7 Connecting the printer to the computer

This can be done in three ways, either by Ethernet, USB, or WLAN.

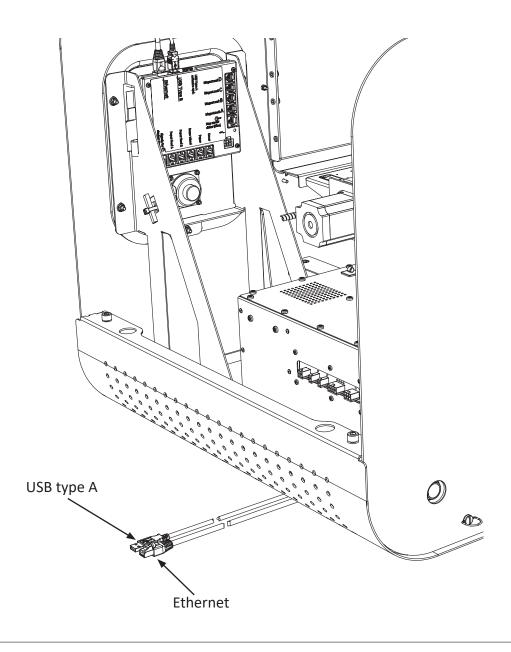
For Ethernet and USB, the cables are connected to the operating panel inside the printer and comes out through the oval opening in the bottom plate just below the El-Unit.

The ethernet cable has a regular RJ45 connector, and the USB cable has a regular USB type A connector.

The WLAN is transmitting/receiving via a small antenna placed close to the operating panel.

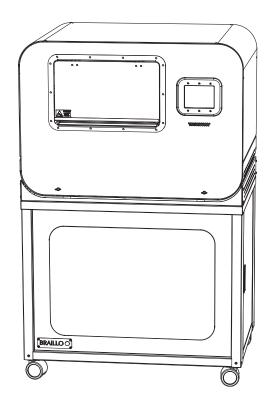
If you connect to the computer with cable, there is no need to select between Ethernet or USB. The printer will connect to the input who receives data first. Meaning, if data comes on the ethernet, the USB will not be operative before the ethernet have finished the transmission.

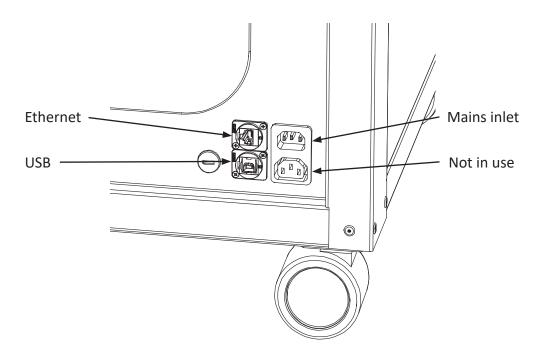
For instruction on how to install the printer on your computer, see chapter 3 'SETTING UP THE COMPUTER' on page 20.



2.8 Connecting the printer when mounted on the S2 Stand

The B300 S2.1 can optionally be delivered with the Braillo S2 Stand. In that case, the connections to the printer is done on the outside of the stand. See the figures below.





2.9 Power on

The On/Off switch is placed behind the back panel, and can be reached through an opening in the panel. When the mains cable has been connected, and the power has been switched on, the printer will do it's start up sequence. The display will stay black for a moment, then it will show a progress bar for the start up sequence. When it's done, the display will show "Welcome, press the accept button to continue". Press the button and the display will change to "Ready to emboss".

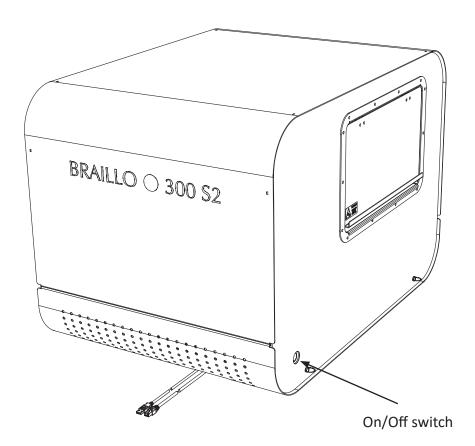


For safety reasons, there are mechanical switches on the cover. These switches will disable the possibility to run the printer if the side plates are removed.

Then the paper feed tractor will move a little back and forth to position the paper correctly. If there is no paper inserted, the printer will start an alarm, and the display reads "Printer halted - Out of paper". This is normal, and the sound can be silenced by pressing the mute button.

Note that the printer will go into sleep mode when it has been inactive for 15 minutes. If that happens, the printer will wake up if you touch the operating panel or send a file from the computer. It's also possible to manually put it in sleep mode by entering the main menu, and select the "Enter sleep mode" choice.

The printer is now ready. Before continuing, please read chapter 4 'OPERATING THE PRINTER' on page 31 carefully.



3. SETTING UP THE COMPUTER

Note! When connecting multiple Braillo printers with USB to the same computer, all printers MUST have unique ID's configured.

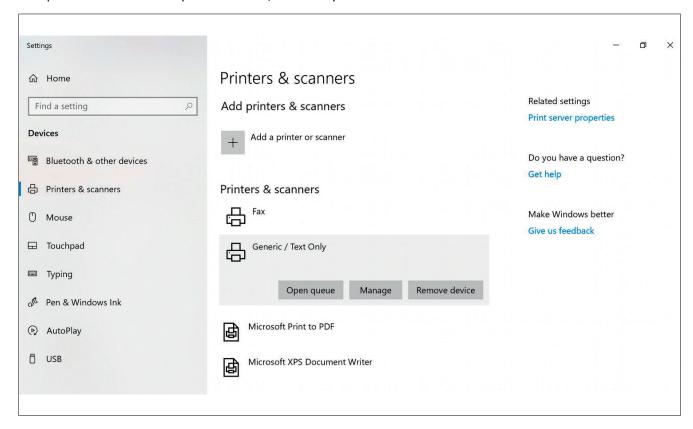
See 'Printer ID' on page 43 for more information on how to set the printer ID.

3.1 USB on Windows

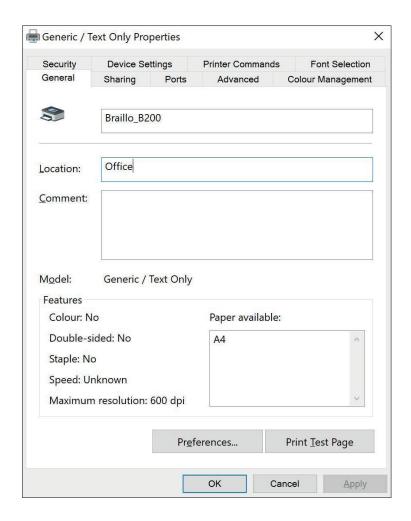
Make sure the printer is powered on and connected to the Windows computer via an USB device cable (Type A to Type B).

(Windows should automatically identify the printer and find the correct driver for it, but if it does not, you need to manually add the printer and find the 'Generic Text Only' printer driver.)

The printer then shows up as 'Generic / Text Only' like shown in the screen shot below.



Select it and click 'Manage', then 'Printer properties'. Here you can change the printer Name and Location to your liking, for example 'Braillo <model number>'



Click 'OK' and your printer is now configured and ready to use.

3.2 USB on Apple Mac

Note! A Postscript Printer Driver (PPD) file is crucial in the following steps.

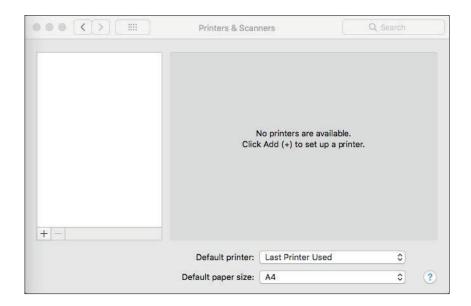
Without it, the local Apple computer will be unable to successfully communicate with the printer. The PPD file has been modified to work correctly with an Apple computer so any modifications to this file before set up might cause unexpected or erroneous results.

Contact Braillo Norway AS or your distributor to get the 'braillo.ppd' file.

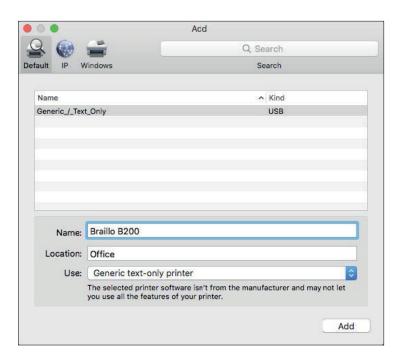
The PPD file must be copied onto the Apple machine prior to performing the printer setup!

Make sure the printer is powered on and connected to the Apple computer via an USB device cable (Type A to Type B).

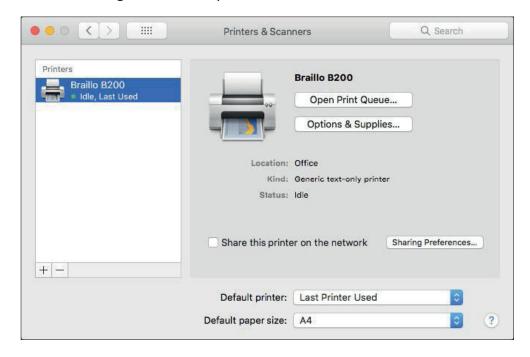
- 1. Open 'System Preferences'
- 2. Go to 'Printers & Scanners'



- 3. Click the plus sign (+) button to add new printer
- 4. In the new dialogue select the 'Generic_/_Text_Only' USB printer (under Default tab)
- 5. The Mac OS will try to auto identify the printer, but will not succeed. This is expected.
- 6. In the 'Use' drop-down menu choose 'Other' and select the provided PPD file
- 7. Verify that the 'Use' field now says 'Generic text-only printer'
- 8. You can also modify the Name and Location fields to your liking, e.g. 'Braillo <model number>'
- 9. Click 'Add'



10. Your printer is now configured and ready to use

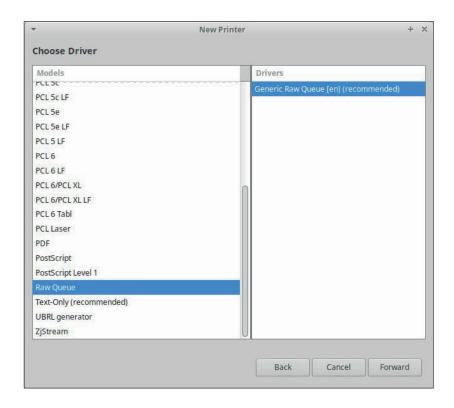


3.3 USB on Linux

Linux distributions can use one of many different graphical interfaces. Due to this the following guide is kept as generic as possible, and you might need to consult your distribution's help.

Make sure the printer is powered on and connected to the Linux computer via an USB device cable (Type A to Type B).

- 1. Find your distro's Control Panel and find the dialogue to add a printer
- 2. The printer should show up as USB printer named 'Generic_/_Text_Only (<serial number>)'
- 3. Select it and choose 'Generic' 'Generic Raw Queue' as the printer driver





- 4. If you can choose any settings for the new printer, just leave everything as default
- 5. Give the printer a identifiable Name and Location, for example 'Braillo_<model number>'
- 6. Your new printer is now configured and ready to use

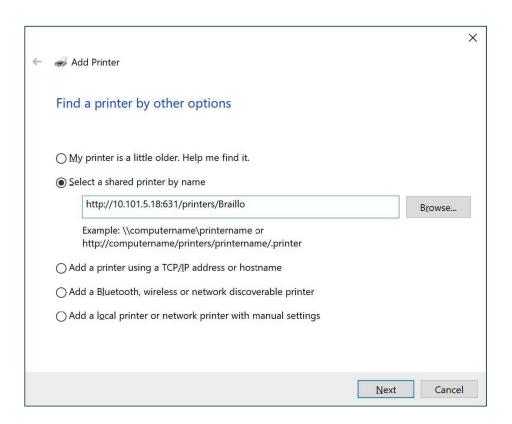
Note! If you use the default 'Generic Text-only printer' driver for USB printing on Linux you might run into issues where the driver will strip certain control characters and just print the text. It could also refuse to print certain documents which contain more than just printable text characters. Also make note that this driver will add margins around the text by default, which might interfere with the document formatting. The recommended driver on Linux is 'Generic Raw Queue' or similar raw forwarding driver.

3.4 Ethernet on Windows

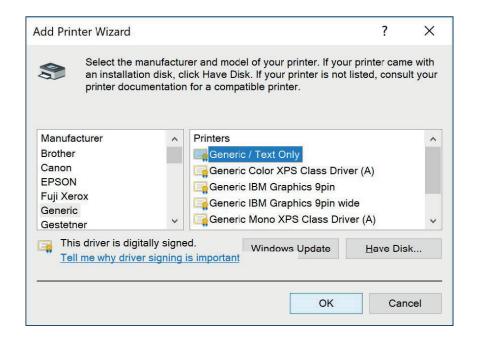
Before starting, make sure the printer is powered on and connected to the network. You will need the printer's IP address which can be found in menu *Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Status / Software upgrade*.

See 'Status / Software upgrade' on page 41 for more information.

- 1. Open 'Printers & Scanners' settings. (Via the Windows menu or via Settings Devices)
- 2. Click 'Add a printer or scanner'
- 3. After Windows has scanned, click 'The printer that I want is not listed'
- 4. In the 'Add Printer' dialogue select 'Select a shared printer by name'
- 5. Enter the following in the field: http://<IP-address>:631/printers/Braillo



- 6. Click 'Next'
- 7. In the driver selection dialogue select 'Generic' and 'Generic / Text Only'



- 8. Click 'OK'
- 9. Click 'Next' and 'Finish' to close the dialogue
- 10. Your printer is now configured and ready to use

Note! If you print a file with Notepad or another text editor, chances are high that the editor will try to format the text before sending it to the printer. If you have a preformatted file created for the Braillo printer containing control characters, it might not end up printing like it should. To print a file verbatim on Windows, you could share the printer in the Windows network ('Sharing' under printer properties), and use the following command in a Command-line prompt: copy /b <filename.txt> \\<Name-of-computer\<name-of-shared-printer>

3.5 Ethernet on Apple Mac

Note! A Postscript Printer Driver (PPD) file is crucial in the following steps.

Without it, the local Apple computer will be unable to successfully communicate with the printer. The PPD file has been modified to work correctly with an Apple computer so any modifications to this file before set up might cause unexpected or erroneous results.

Contact Braillo Norway AS or your distributor to get the 'braillo.ppd' file.

The PPD file must be copied onto the Apple machine prior to performing the printer setup!

Before starting, make sure the printer is powered on and connected to the network. You will need the printer's IP address which can be found in menu *Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Status / Software upgrade*.

See 'Status / Software upgrade' on page 41 for more information.

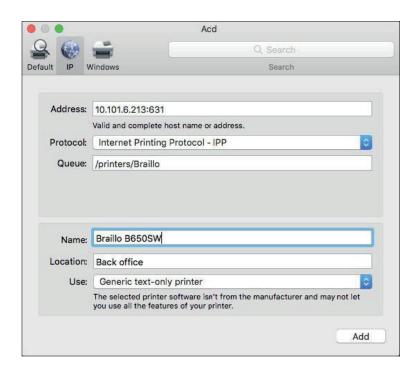
- 1. Open 'System Preferences'
- 2. Go to 'Printers & Scanners'
- 3. Click the plus sign (+) button to add new printer
- 4. In the new dialogue click the 'IP' tab
- 5. Fill in:

Address: '<IP-address>:631'

Protocol: IPP

Queue: '/printers/Braillo'

- 6. In the 'Use' drop-down menu choose 'Other' and select the provided PPD file
- 7. Verify that the 'Use' field now says 'Generic text-only printer' You can also modify the Name and Location fields to your liking, for example 'Braillo <model number>'



- 8. Click 'Add'
- 9. Your printer is now configured and ready to use

If you want to configure the network printing another way the full connection string is: ipp://<IP-address>:631/printers/Braillo

Test the communication

To test if the Apple machine is successfully communicating with the Braillo printer, you first need the exact name of the Braillo printer, it can be found by using 'lpstat -t'.

Next, create or select a file that can be used for printing. Open a Terminal and use the 'lpr' command to send the file to the printer, like this:

lpr -P <Braillo Name> <file to print>

In this command, -P means destination or which printer to use. <Braillo_Name> is the exact name of the Braillo printer identified above, and <file_to_print> is the file to be printed, with path relative to the Terminal current directory.

3.6 Ethernet on Linux

Before starting, make sure the printer is powered on and connected to the network. You will need the printer's IP address which can be found in menu *Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Status / Software upgrade.*

See 'Status / Software upgrade' on page 41 for more information.

The printer broadcasts itself using dnssd/bonjour. If you only have one Braillo printer on your network you can use this if your computer detects it. If you have multiple Braillo printers it's better to add them by their IP address to be sure you are configuring the correct one.

- 1. Find your distro's Control Panel and find the dialogue to add a printer
- 2. Select 'Internet Printing Protocol (ipp)'
- 3. Use the network URI: 'ipp://<IP-address>:631/printers/Braillo'
- 4. Give the printer a identifiable Name and Location, for example 'Braillo <model number>'
- 5. Your printer is now configured and ready to use

Test the communication

To test if the Linux computer is successfully communicating with the Braillo printer, the 'lpr' command can be used. Create or select a file that can be used for printing and enter the following command in a terminal: lpr -P <Braillo_Name> <file_to_print>

Where -P means destination, <Braillo_Name> being that destination name, and <file_to_print> being a text file or file that is compatible with the Braillo printer.

The exact device name of the Braillo printer can be found by using 'lpstat -t'.

3.7 Wireless network (WLAN)

The configuring of the wireless network connection is handled through a special configuration mode where the printer creates a temporary Access Point. When connected to this AP the rest of the configuration is handled through a standard web page.

To enter the WLAN configuration mode, navigate to:

Main Menu - Printer setup - Network configuration - Conf. WLAN.

See section '- Wireless configuration' on page 45 for more information.

A screen now shows up with the credentials needed to log on to the temporary configuration access point. The network name (SSID) is unique for this printer, but the password is generated and will differ every time you start configuration mode.

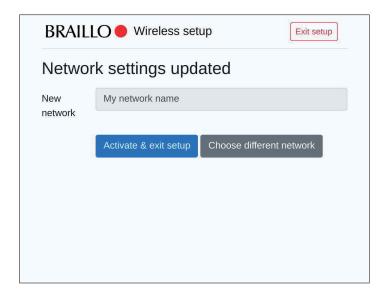
Leave the printer in this state while you continue the configuration.

Using a laptop, tablet, smart phone or other Wireless enabled unit with a web browser:

- 1. Connect to the temporary Access Point using the credentials in the printer display
- 2. Open a web browser and navigate to http://192.168.45.1/
 Some devices will detect the need to 'sign-in' or 'authorization needed'. Clicking this notification will lead you to the same web page.



- 3. In the 'Wireless network' drop-down menu, select the name of the wireless network to use
- 4. Enter the password in the 'Password' field
- 5. Click the 'Save network' button



6. Click the 'Activate & exit setup' button

If your wireless network is not discovered by the printer you can also configure it manually:

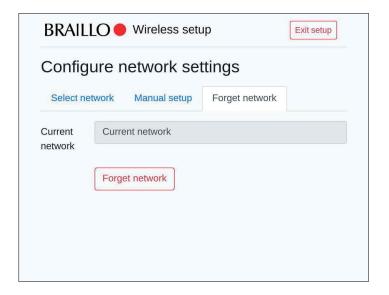
- 1. Follow step 1 and 2 above
- 2. Click the 'Manual setup' tab
- 3. Enter the SSID, choose security and enter the password (if needed)



- 4. Click the 'Save network' button
- 5. Click 'Activate & exit setup' button

To remove an already configured wireless network without activating a new:

- 1. Follow step 1 and 2 in the start of this section
- 2. Click the 'Forget network' tab



- 3. Click the 'Forget network' button
- 4. Click the 'Activate & exit setup' button

After clicking the 'Activate & exit setup' button, you will get a confirmation message and the configuration mode shuts down and the printer returns to normal with the new configuration.

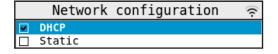
To exit the WLAN configuration mode:

To exit configuration mode you need to either:

- Save and activate a new configuration
- Click the 'Exit setup' button on configuration web page
- Click the 'Back' button in the printer display

When the configuration server shuts down the printer returns to normal operation.

If a new wireless configuration was activated you can see the connection status and signal strength in the top right corner of the printer display.



Note! If the printer behaves unexpectedly after being in Wireless network configuration mode, please try restarting the printer.

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4. OPERATING THE PRINTER

4.1 Inserting paper

Paper should be inserted into the printer in the following manner:

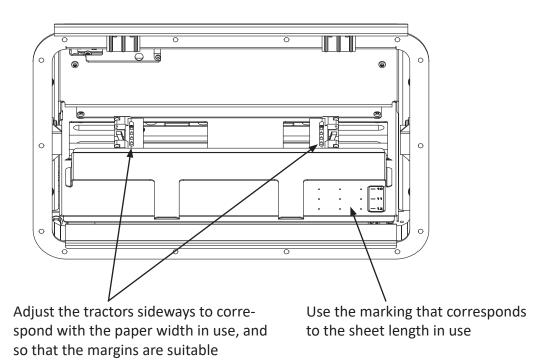
1. Place a box of paper at the back of the printer. (Opposite side from the operating panel).

- 2. Insert the paper between the two paper guides, and then through the slit in the paper guide. Insert about the length of one sheet. Go to the front of the printer.
- 3. The tractors might have to be adjusted sideways to fit to the paper width in use. This is done by opening a little lever on the outer side of the tractors, then move the tractors so it will fit to the paper width, then close the lever again.
- 4. Lock the paper into the tractor-feed. By using the FINE ADJUST button, adjust the paper with respect to the starting mark (notch) corresponding to the chosen sheet length. (See figure below).
- 5. Go to the back of the printer, and adjust the two paper guides carefully close to the edge of the paper. This is to ensure that the paper will go straight through the printer.

The printer is now ready to start printing.



Note! If the printer has run out of paper during a print job, perform step 2 to 5, without resetting the printer. Press the "Continue" button, and the printer will continue from the place where it ran out of paper without losing any text.



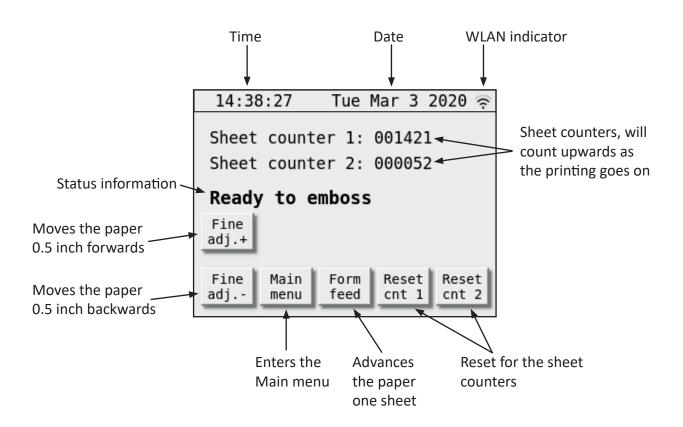
4.2 Basic operating panel functions

When the printer is powered up, you have to press the **Accept** button to make the printer ready.



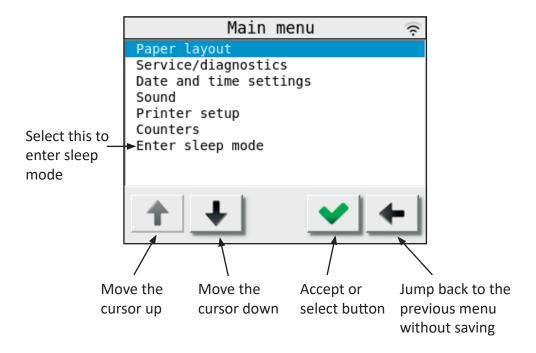
batton

After pressing **Accept** the window below appears. Please see the explanation on the figure below.



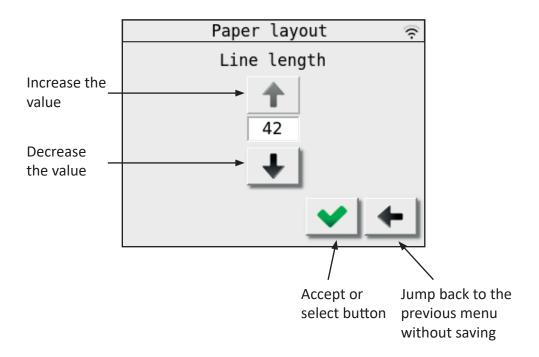
Navigating in the menus

Move the cursor to the desired sub menu, and then press the **Accept** button.



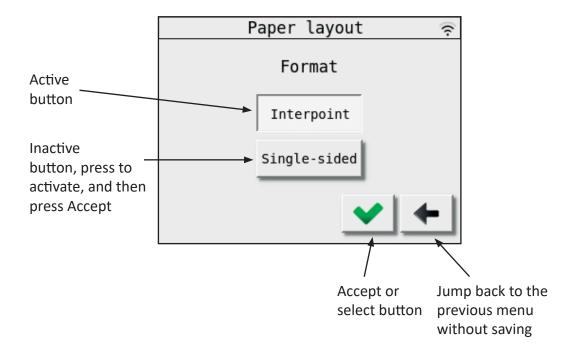
To change a variable setting

If a setting can have more than two values, the display will look like below.



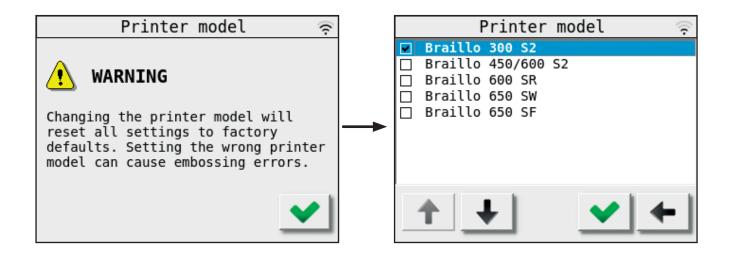
To change a setting with just two alternatives

If a setting can have just two alternatives, the display will look similar to this.



Select printer model

The printer model is always set correctly when the printer is shipped, but if the main board for some reason has to be replaced, you have to select the correct printer model.





Note!

The settings set by the operating panel are the default values. However, when sending a text file from the computer, some parameters for this specific job is sent along with the file. The parameters that comes with the file will be active during the print job. When the job is finished, the settings will return to the default settings again.

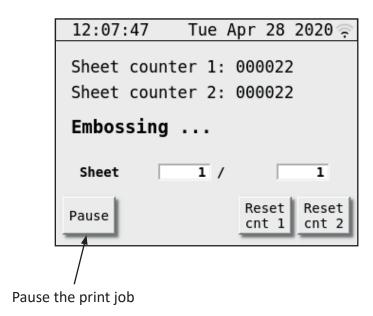
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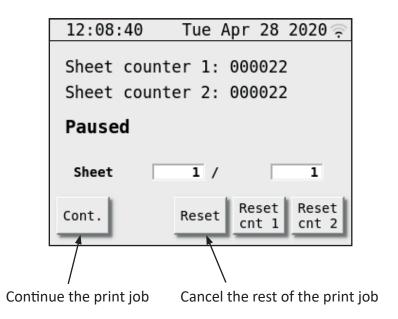
Operating panel during printing

Please see the figure below.

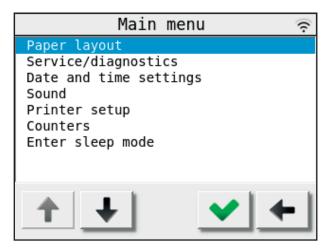
Embossing Sheet 1 / 5 means that the printer is now printing sheet 1 of a print job with 5 sheets in total.

If you would like to pause a print job, press the **Pause** button. When the printer is paused, the button will change to **Continue**. Press **Continue** to continue with the printing. If you would like to cancel the rest of the print job, press **Reset**. The printer will then position the paper correctly for the next print job.





4.3 Main menu



The Main menu options

4.4 'Paper layout menu' on page 37

Settings for the braille output layout on paper

4.5 'Service/diagnostic menu' on page 39

Choices for test print patterns, view the log, checking status etc.

4.6 'Date and time menu' on page 42

Settings for date and time

4.7 'Sound menu' on page 42

Settings for the sound

4.8 'Printer setup menu' on page 43

Choose printer model, ASCII tables etc.

4.9 'Counters menu' on page 46

Find the total of how many hours/sheets the printer has been running Enter sleep mode

Will put the printer directly into sleep mode

4.4 Paper layout menu

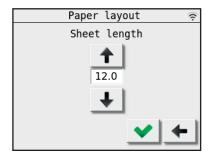
Main Menu - Paper Layout

Paper layout Line length 42 char Format Interpoint Page one up/down 6 dot Braille type Line spacing 16 steps Double line spacing Single Page adjust 0 lines Form feed mode Normal

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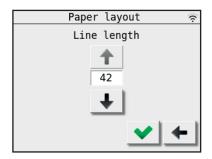
Sheet length

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Sheet Length
The sheet length is the length of the sheet in inches.
The range is from 4 to 14 inches and A4.



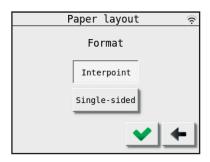
Line length

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Line Length
The line length is the maximum number of characters that you can have on a single braille line. The range is from 10 to 42 characters.



Format

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Format
Selects between interpoint (dots on both sides of the sheet)
and single-sided (dots on just one side of the sheet).



Layout

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Layout

Selects between Normal and Z-fold mode. Normal means that the braille is organized on the sheet like this:

Sheet no. 1 contains page no. 1 and 2,

Sheet no. 2 contains page no. 3 and 4, and so on.

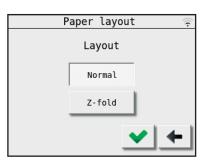
Z-fold is like this:

Sheet no. 1 contains page no. 1 and 2,

Sheet no. 2 contains page no. 3 and 4, but upside down

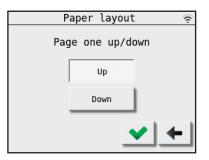
Sheet no. 3 contains page no. 5 and 6,

Sheet no. 4 contains page no. 7 and 8, but upside down



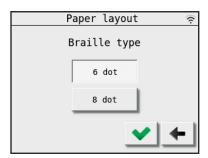
Page one up/down

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Page one up/down
Selects if page one is on the top or underside of the sheet.
The rest of the pages will also adjust accordingly.



Braille type

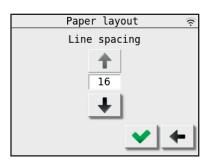
Main Menu - Paper Layout - Braille type Selects between 6 and 8 dot mode.



Line spacing

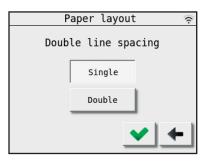
Main Menu - Paper Layout - Line spacing
Selects the Line spacing. The range is from 0 to 16.
16 steps are the standard line spacing (5.08 mm or 0.2"), 8 is the setting for making dots continuously down the sheet (line spac-

16 steps are the standard line spacing (5.08 mm or 0.2"), 8 is the setting for making dots continuously down the sheet (line spacing is 2.54 mm or 0.1"). Note that if the setting is less than 7, and there is text on each line, the dots might get damaged in the printing process. Normal setting is 16 steps.



Double line spacing

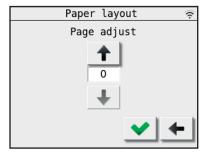
Main Menu - Paper Layout - Double line spacing
The function "Single or Double line spacing" will double the given line spacing. If, e.g. the current line spacing is 13 steps (4.1275 mm), selecting Double line spacing will increase it to 26 steps (8.2550 mm). Normal setting is Single line spacing.



Page adjust

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Page adjust

This setting will decrease the number of lines on each page from 0 to 9. If the maximum number of lines could be 29, and the setting 4 is selected, the resulting number of lines will be 25. This function will keep the top margin constant and only the bottom margin will vary. The normal setting is 0.



Form feed mode

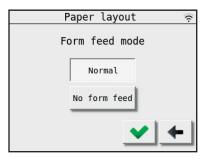
Main Menu - Paper Layout - Form feed mode

Selects between 'Normal Form feed' or 'No Form feed'.

Normal Form feed mode: The printer will position the paper for every page, giving regular top and bottom margins.

No Form feed mode: The printer will print continuously without any page breaks or top/bottom margins.

Normal setting is Normal Form Feed.

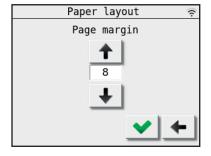


Page margin

Main Menu - Paper Layout - Page margin

The "Page Margin" function will adjust the page margin in steps from 0 to 20. The standard setting is 8 (8 = normal).

One margin step is equal to 0.6350 mm. It will "push" the text downwards the sheet (like a top margin). If the text reaches the bottom, (meaning that there will not be enough space on this page for the last line), this line will wrap over to the next page. The normal setting is 8 steps.



4.5 Service/diagnostic menu

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic

When entering this menu choice, a warning window will appear. The purpose of this warning is to make the user aware that the safety switches on the cover are now disabled. This is done to make it possible to run smaller tests during service.



Please be aware of rotating parts to prevent injuries! The printer may be unexpectedly started by other users!

Print demo text

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - Print demo text

Prints a short demo text on approx. one sheet of paper.

Print Test Pattern

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - Print Test Pattern

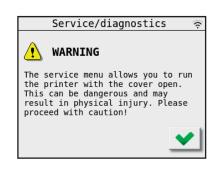
When entering this menu choice, a warning window will appear. This is to make the user aware that print jobs from the computer will not be printed as long as you are in this sub-menu.

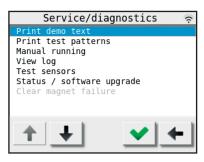
- X pattern

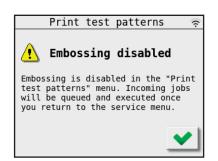
Will print dots in a X pattern across the sheet, useful when searching for missing dots.

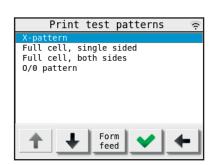
- Full cell, single sided
 Prints all six dots on all characters on one side of the sheet, useful for dot quality tests.
- Full cell, both sides
 Prints all six dots on all characters on both sides of the sheet, useful for testing the paper quality.
- O/Ø pattern

Prints a test pattern made of dot 1,3,5 and 2,4,6, single-sided, useful when searching for extra dots.









Manual running:

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - Manual running

When entering this menu choice, a warning window will appear. This is to make the user aware that print jobs from the computer will not be printed as long as you are in this sub-menu.

The function of this menu choice is to activate different functions manually for troubleshooting purposes.

- Main motor
 Use this to manually start and stop the main motor.
- Step motor Will run the stepping motor forward approximately one sheet.
- Signal processor reset Resets the Signal processor.
- X pattern without motor Will activate one and one magnet on the magnet racks.
- Sleep relay Turn the Sleep relay on or off.
- Alarm relay Turn the Alarm relay on or off.
- Spare relay Turn the Spare relay on or off.

View Log

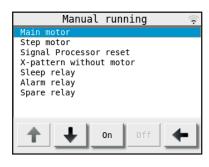
Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - View Log

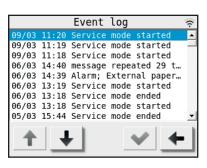
The printer remembers the different events that has happened and will store them in a log. This log can be viewed in a list like the figure to the right. If a message is repeated several times, the display will show a line with the text "last message repeated x times".

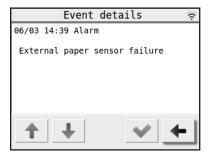
Use the up and down arrow to scroll the list.

If the **Accept** button is shown in green, it's also possible to view some more details about this particular event by pressing the **Accept** button.









Test Sensors

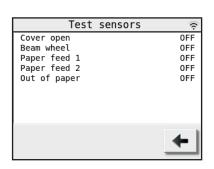
Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Test sensors

This is a function made for troubleshooting the sensors on the printer. The "ON" or "OFF" is indicating the current status of the sensor. To find out if a sensor is OK, the sensor can be switched on and off physically, and the text in the display will change between "ON" and "OFF" accordingly if the sensor is functioning.

Cover openBeam wheelSafety switches on the panels on the printer.Sensor fitted on the lower shaft on the printer.

- Paper feed 1 Sensor 1 on the paper feed tractor.
 - Paper feed 2 Sensor 2 on the paper feed tractor.

- Out of paper Sensor to check if there is paper in the printer.



Status / Software upgrade

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Status / Software upgrade Will show the printers current IP addresses, the MAC addresses and the current software version (Eth. = Ethernet).

- Software update:

It's possible to update the printers internal software. You will need a file with the newer software version, which you can get from Braillo Norway AS or a Braillo distributor.

The file must then be copied to a USB memory stick.

Place the memory stick in the USB type A connector on the main board. See section 7.6 'Main board - connections' on page 106 for info about where to find it.

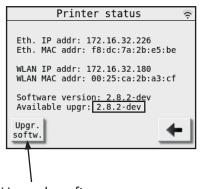
The printer will only look for other available software versions when the 'Status/Software upgrade' window is opened, so if the upgrade does not appear in the display, go one step back to the Service menu and then back into the 'Status/Software upgrade' window.

Now the new software version will appear at 'Available upgr:', and the 'Upgr. softw.' button will be active. Press the button to upgrade.

The printer will go through an updating sequence, and do a regular

All settings and counters will be kept and used with the new software version.

Printer status Eth. IP addr: 172.16.32.226 Eth. MAC addr: f8:dc:7a:2b:e5:be WLAN IP addr: 172.16.32.180 WLAN MAC addr: 00:25:ca:2b:a3:cf Software version: 2.8.2-dev Available upgr: No media Upgr. softw.



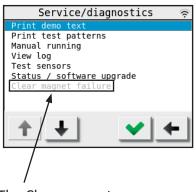
Upgrade software button

Clear magnet failure

booting when it's finished.

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Clear magnet failure

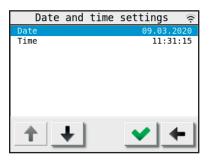
This menu choice is normally not active, but if there has been detected a faulty magnet during printing, a magnet symbol will be shown in the 'Ready to emboss' window. Now the 'Clear magnet failure' becomes active in the Service/diagnostics menu and the magnet failure can be reset.



The Clear magnet failure choice

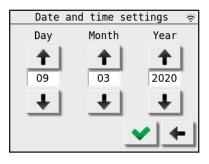
4.6 Date and time menu

Main Menu - Date and time
Used to change the date and time setting.



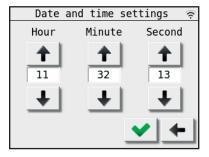
Date

Main Menu - Date and time - Date Used to change the date.



Time

Main Menu - Date and time - Time Used to change the time.



4.7 Sound menu

Main Menu - Sound

Volume

Main Menu - Sound - Volume Volume setting for beep, speech, and alarm.

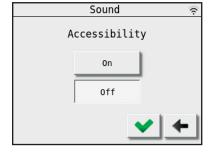
Pitch

Main Menu - Sound - Pitch Sets the pitch level for the beep.

Sound Volume 7 Pitch 9 Speech On Accessibility Beep Off

Speech

Main Menu - Sound - Speech Toggles Speech on or off.



Accessibility

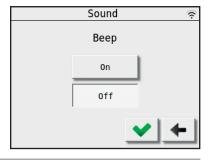
Main Menu - Sound - Accessibility
Toggles Accessibility on or off.
If this is set to on, pressing a button will result in the button's function being read out by Speech.

The next press will then activate the button.



Main Menu - Sound - Beep Toggles Beep on or off.

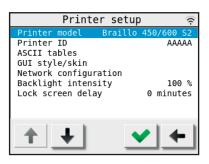
If on, the printer will sound a short beep when a button is pressed.



4.8 Printer setup menu

Main Menu - Printer setup

In this menu the basic settings regarding the printer is set.



Printer model

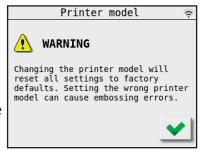
Main Menu - Printer setup - Warning - Printer model

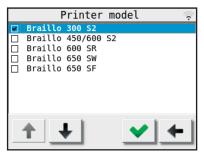
When entering this menu choice, a warning window will appear.

Braillo Norway AS has a number of different printer models that can use the same electronics. But the different printer models have different settings and different functions. This menu choice is where you select the specific printer model. The software will then be adapted to the printer in use.

This setting is fixed at the factory, and should under normal conditions never need to be changed.

However, if the main board in the printer for some reason has been replaced, you have to make sure that the correct printer model is selected here.



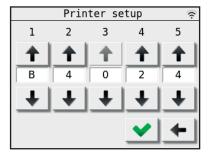


Printer ID

Main Menu - Printer setup - Printer ID

The printer has a function to make it possible to identify which printer has printed a particular braille book. It's done by sending a command along with the braille book that tells the printer to print its identification. On this setting you can set a 5 character code or name that identifies this particular printer.

Also when more than one printer is connected with USB to the same computer, the printer ID must be set. This must be done to give the connected printers unique ID's in the computer.



ASCII tables

Main Menu - Printer setup - ASCII tables

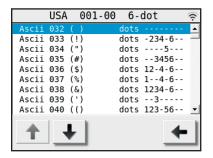
An ASCII table is the same as a character set. When the printer receives a character from the computer, it goes to an ASCII table to find out which dot pattern is corresponding to this character.

This printer has a number of ASCII tables, and they are listed like shown in the figure to the right. To select another table, use the up or down arrow and press the green **Accept** button. Now this has become the current table.

It's also possible to view the translation between characters and dots in the different ASCII tables by pressing the "View" button.

Then a list like shown on the right will appear. Use the up and down arrows to scroll the list.

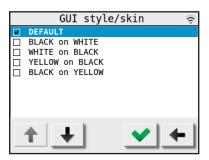




GUI style/skin

Main Menu - Printer setup - GUI style/skin

If any users of this printer has low vision and/or find it difficult to read the operating panel, it's possible to change the background and text colours to get better contrast.

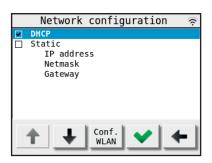


Network configuration

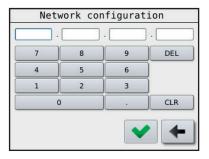
Main Menu - Printer setup - Network configuration
This menu choice gives you the possibility to choose between:

- Regular DHCP IP address (default setting)
- Static IP address

Note with static IP you have to set all the three network parameters manually, and all three has to be set.



The three different settings for the static IP is set using the buttons as shown in the figure to the right. Type the numbers into the first text cell, then tap the next cell to move to it. When all four numbers are set, press the green **Accept** button to go back to the Network configuration menu.



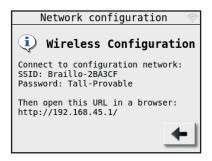
- Wireless configuration

To start the set up for connecting to a WLAN network, press the button 'Conf. WLAN'.

Now the printer will start to transmit on a temporary WLAN network with the SSID and password shown in the display.

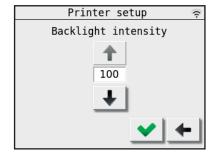
Note that the password changes every time, so if you have to do this more than once, remember to always use the latest password.

See 3.7 'Wireless network (WLAN)' on page 28 for more information.



Backlight intensity

Main Menu - Printer setup - Backlight intensity Setting for the backlight intensity on the display. Can be set from 15 % to 100 %.

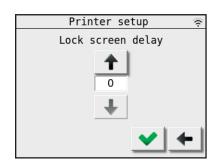


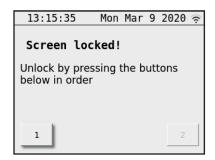
Lock screen delay

Main Menu - Printer setup - Lock screen delay
Setting the delay in minutes after the operating panel has been used before the screen get locked. 0 is screen lock off.

The Lock screen function is to avoid that buttons are accidental pressed.

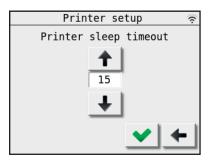
To unlock the locked screen, press first button 1, then button 2.





Printer sleep timeout

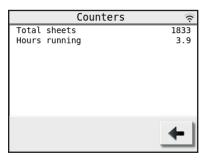
Main Menu - Printer setup - Printer sleep timeout
Setting the time in minutes after the operating panel has been used or
the printjob is finished before the printer goes into the sleep mode.



4.9 Counters menu

Main Menu - Counters

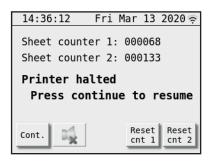
Will show two different counters, the first one will show the total number of sheets printed. The second shows the total number of hours the main motor has been running (the time the printer has actually printed).



4.10 Display messages

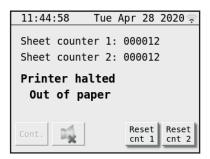
When there is a problem, the display will show what has happened e.g. "Printer halted, Printer cover open". And it will stay like that until the error is fixed. Then the display will change to "Printer halted, Press continue to resume". By pressing **Continue** the printer will resume the printing from where it was before the error.

- Press continue to resume



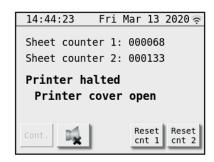
- Out of paper

The printer has run out of paper and is waiting for paper. When paper is detected, the display will change to "Press continue to resume".



- Printer cover open

This occurs when one or more panels on the printer cover are open. When the side panels are put back in place, the display will change to "Press continue to resume".



4.11 Unrecoverable errors

When there is an unrecoverable error, the display will show what has happened e.g. "General failure, Beam wheel failure". When this kind of errors occurs, the printer must be reset or switched off and then switched back on again.

The job currently being printed has to be sent once more from the computer. The different unrecoverable errors are:

- Magnet failure

A defect magnet has been detected during printing. The display will say "General failure, Magnet rack failure" and the magnet symbol will appear in the upper right hand corner of the display. The printer will stop. Check the log for the details.

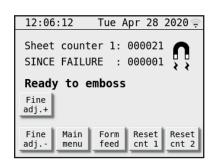
(Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - View Log)



When trying to print after a defect magnet is found and replaced, the display will still show the magnet symbol in the top right hand corner. This is because you have to reset the magnet failure.

To reset the magnet failure, you have to select the menu choice **Clear magnet failure**. See 'Clear magnet failure' on page 41 for more info. (Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Clear magnet failure)

If the display shows "General failure, Magnet rack failure" without the magnet symbol in the top right corner, it means that there has been detected error(s) in e.g. the data transmission between the main board and the magnet racks, or it could be a broken fuse for the power to one magnet rack.

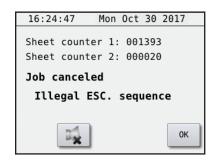




- Illegal ESC sequence

The printer has received an ESC sequence that it does not recognize, it's placed in wrong location on the page or contains invalid parameters.

Press OK to continue.



- Beam wheel failure

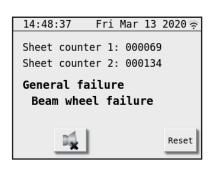
This means that the pulses from the Beam wheel sensor is not registered in the electronics. This can be caused by e.g. defect sensor, disconnected sensor, broken main belt or defect main motor. If you can hear the main motor start, it's probably something wrong with the sensor. But if you cannot hear the motor start, it's probably something wrong with the main motor. Press Reset to continue. The sensor can be tested manually on

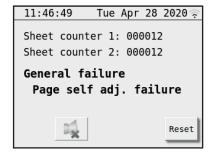
Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Test Sensors.

- Page self adj. failure

The printer has detected position problems with the paper feeding on e.g. power up or resetting. Could be caused by e.g. a defect/disconnected sensor or stepping motor. The sensors can be tested manually on *Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Test Sensors*. Please check the log for the details.

(Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - View Log)



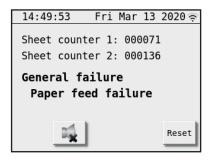


- Paper feed failure

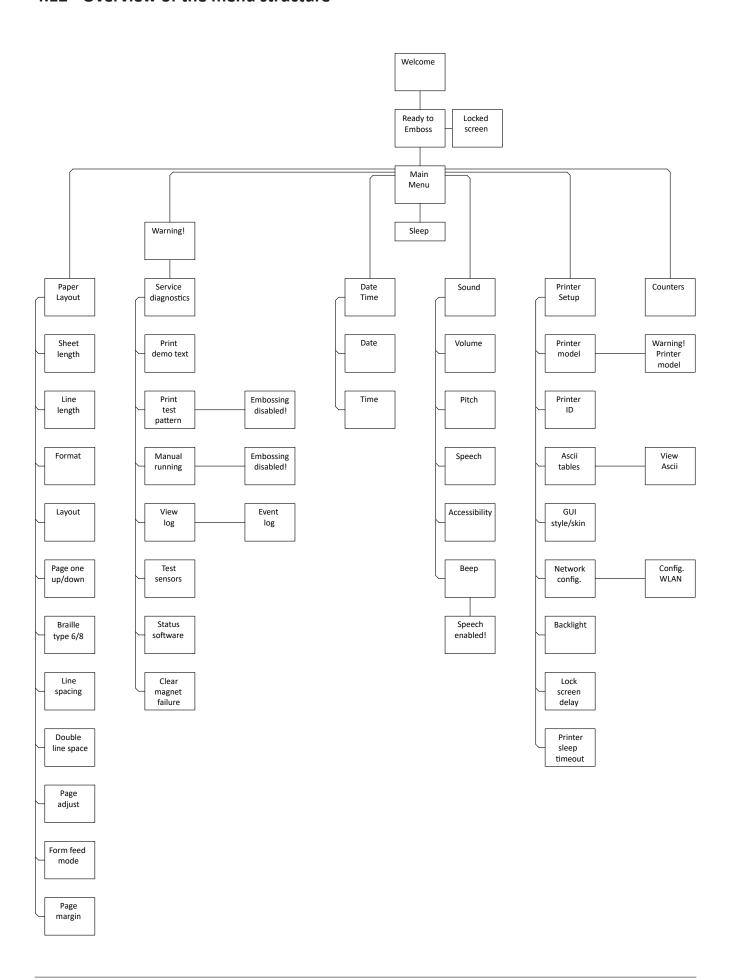
During printing, the printer has detected that the paper position is not where the electronics is expecting it to be. This may be caused by e.g. the paper is stuck so the stepping motor is slipping, stepping motor is disconnected or defect or one of the two paper feed sensors are disconnected or defect. Press Reset to continue.

The sensors can be tested manually on

Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Test Sensors.



4.12 Overview of the menu structure



4.13 Test Print

The test print program is designed to ensure that the 168 printing mechanisms functions properly.

This printer will do an electronic test on all of it's printing mechanisms continuously during printing. However, this electrical test will not tell if something is wrong mechanically, and therefore it's recommended to print a few pages of test print before beginning the day's production. By doing so, it's quite easy to see if all printing mechanisms are functioning mechanically.

This printer has both single-sided and double-sided (interpoint) test print patterns. The test print consists of four different patterns. See the description below. How to use the test print:

Print Test Pattern

Main Menu - Warning - Service/Diagnostic - Warning - Print Test Pattern

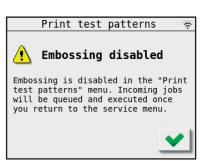
When entering this menu choice, a warning window will appear. This is to make the user aware that print jobs from the computer will not be printed as long as you are in this sub-menu.

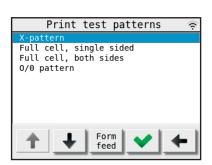
- X pattern
 Will print dots in a X pattern across the sheet, useful when searching for missing dots.
- Full cell, single sided
 Prints all six dots on all characters on one side of the sheet, useful for dot quality tests.
- Full cell, both sides Prints all six dots on all characters on both sides of the sheet, useful for testing how the paper quality can take heavy printing.
- O/Ø pattern

Prints a test pattern made of dot 1,3,5 and 2,4,6, single-sided, useful when searching for extra dots.

Section 5.1 'Printing principle' on page 52 illustrates how the printing mechanisms are placed.

Instruction for troubleshooting will be illustrated by examples in section 5.2 'Troubleshooting, incorrect braille' on page 58.



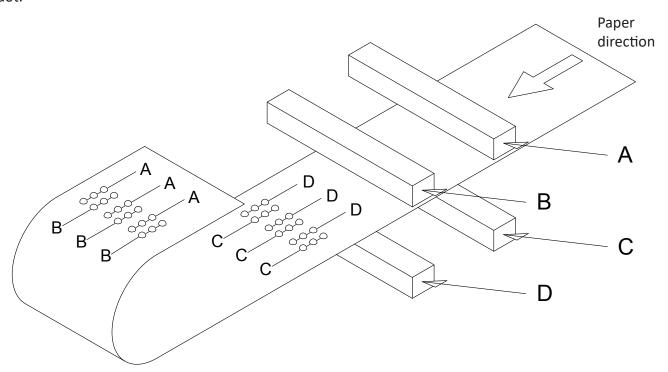


5. SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

When doing some lighter service or maintenance tasks, it can be enough to remove the side plates on the cover. But for bigger operations we recommend to also remove the top cover. Please see section 2.4 'Removal of the top' on page 14 on how to do this.

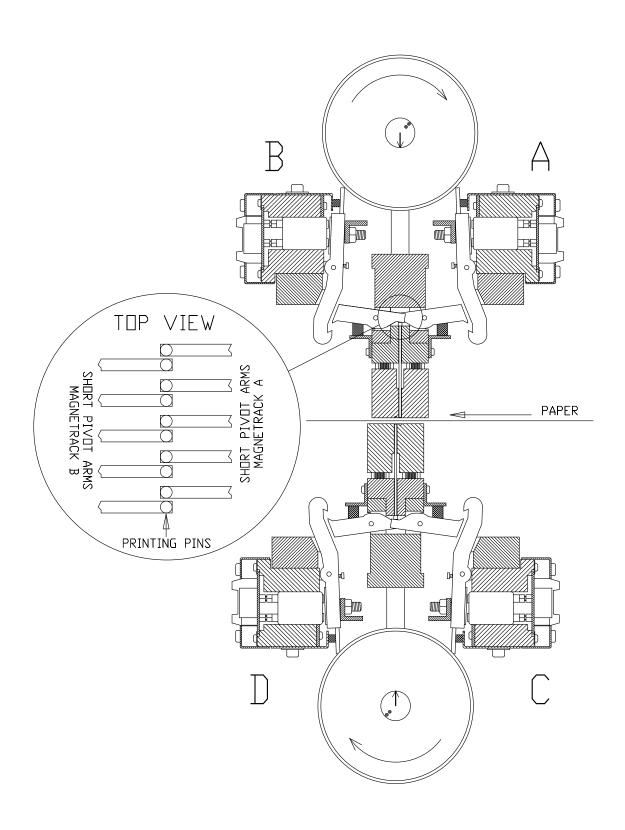
5.1 Printing principle

The figure below is a very simplified version of the printing mechanism in this printer. The four bars across the paper indicates the magnet racks. The magnet racks are named from A to D. Magnet rack A and B make dots on the side of the paper facing down, and magnet rack C and D makes the dots on the side facing up. The table below shows which printing mechanism made which dot.



Dots on the upp	er side		Dots on the lower side		
Char no.	Dots	Magnet rack	Char no.	Dots	Magnet rack
1	1, 2, 3	C 42	1	1, 2, 3	A 42
1	4, 5, 6	D 1		4, 5, 6	B 1
2	1, 2, 3	C 41	2	1, 2, 3	A 41
2	4, 5, 6	D 2		4, 5, 6	B 2
3	1, 2, 3	C 40	3	1, 2, 3	A 40
3	4, 5, 6	D 3		4, 5, 6	В3
40	1, 2, 3	C 3	40	1, 2, 3	A 3
40	4, 5, 6	D 40		4, 5, 6	B 40
4.1	1, 2, 3	C 2	41	1, 2, 3	A 2
41	4, 5, 6	D 41		4, 5, 6	B 41
42	1, 2, 3	C 1	42	1, 2, 3	A 1
42	4, 5, 6	D 42		4, 5, 6	B 42

The figure below is a "theoretical" figure showing the parts inside the printing mechanism. The printer has been "sliced" to show more detailed of how it's constructed.



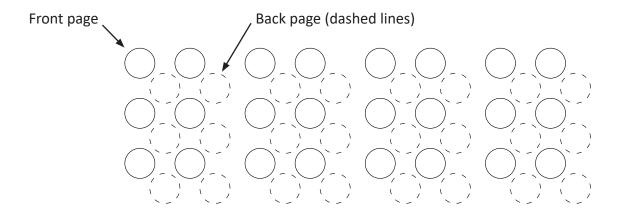
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Please see the figure on the previous page.

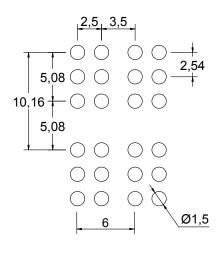
The two shafts, one at the top and one at the bottom, are rotating synchronized. On each shaft there are eccentrics that are moving the beams and paper shoes up and down. This movement is used both to hold the paper and to make the dots. A row of dots is printed for each revolution of the shafts. The shafts must rotate three times to form a complete row of characters. Please see figure below.

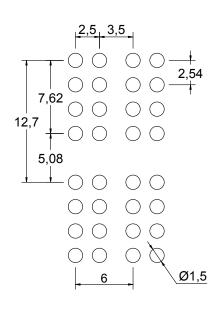
First revolution	00	00	00	00	00	00
Second revolution			00			
Third revolution	00	00	00	00	00	00

To be able to print interpoint (where both sides of paper are printed simultaneously), the back page is offset a little to the right and a little down to fit in between the dots on the front page. Please see figure below.



Dimensions on the 6 and 8 dot braille cell, measured in mm.





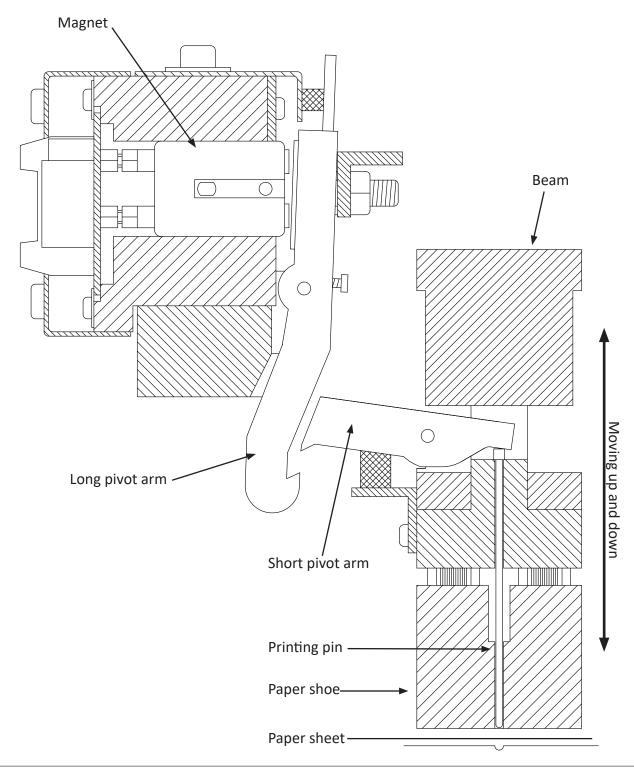
The drawing on this page is meant to help to understand the basic principle of how the dots are printed. Please also see the drawings on the next page.

The parts in the upper left of this drawing is one of the magnet racks. The parts in the lower right, are the beam and paper shoes. The magnet racks itself do not move, but the beams and the paper shoes are moving up and down for every revolution of the eccentric shafts.

Inside each magnet rack there are 42 electrical magnets. The magnets are controlling the long pivot arms.

When a dot is going to be printed, the magnet is engaged, and the long pivot arm will be drawn against the magnet poles.

At the same time, the beam and the paper shoe will start to move downwards, and the short pivot arm will catch the hook of the long pivot arm. The beam will continue to travel downwards, and will force the printing pin into the paper.



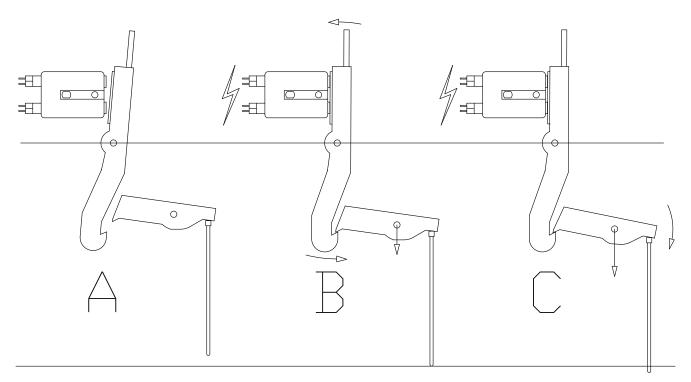


Figure A
Shows the position on the pivot arm when the printer is not printing, and the magnet is not engaged.

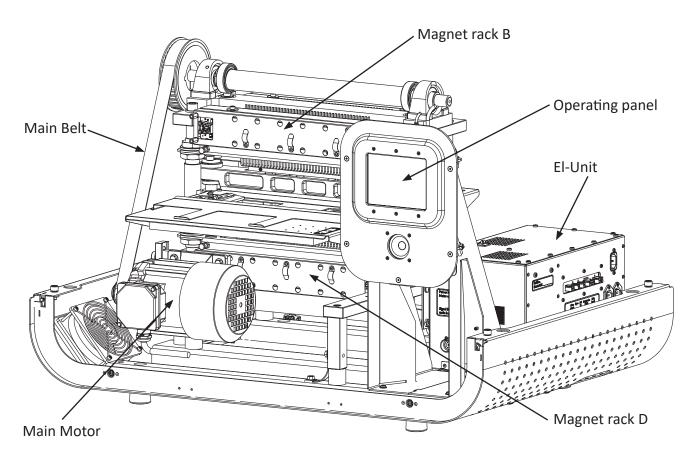
Figure B

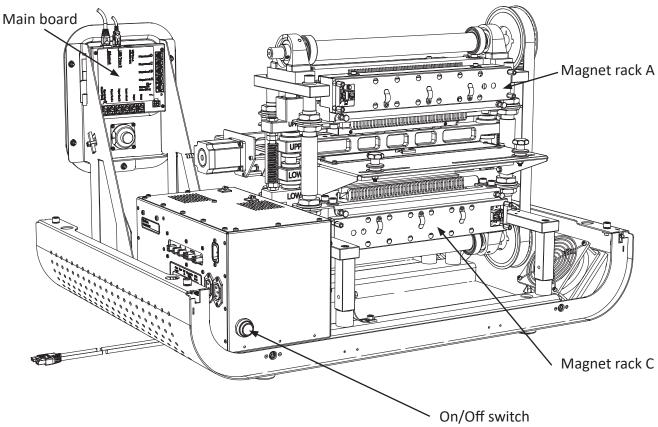
Now the magnet is engaged,
and the long pivot arm has been
pulled against the magnet. The
short pivot arm is moving down
towards the hook on the long
pivot arm.

Figure C
The long pivot arm's hook catch the short pivot arm.
As the short pivot arm moves further down, the printing pin will be forced down into the paper and make the dot.

General overview

(Protection covers are removed)





5.2 Troubleshooting, incorrect braille

If any errors have been found in some of the characters in the printed text during proofreading, the first thing to do is:

Check the characters in the text-file in the computer to find out if the error could come from the text-file and not from the printer.

If your text-file is OK, the problem is caused by the printer.

The errors could be caused by either an electrical or a mechanical problem. On the electrical side, there is integrated a self-diagnostic system that is continuously checking the magnets during printing, and will trig an alarm if it detects some electrical problems with the magnets.

So, if no alarm is trigged, the errors found are most likely caused by some faulty mechanical parts or maybe dirt clogging the moving mechanisms.

Inside the printer there are four identical magnet racks, named from A to D. Each magnet rack contains 42 printing mechanisms. There are totally 168 printing mechanisms to choose from when the error search begins. See section 5.1 'Printing principle' on page 52 for more information.

If the printer has been printing a lot (a lot could be after a year, or after 1000 printing hours, depending on what comes first) errors in the characters could occur. If this happens, it could just be that the printer needs regular maintenance. See section 5.7 'Magnet rack - cleaning' on page 68, and section 5.22 'Maintenance' on page 90.

As a start, you should run the built-in Test Print. Depending on what kind of errors you have, you should use different tests.

The essential thing at this stage is to find which magnet rack is causing the trouble.

If there is missing dot(s), use the X pattern to detect which magnet rack is missing the dot(s).

If there are too many dots, use the full cell lines, or the test pattern on test print no. 4, and the extra dot(s) will appear in the space between the lines.

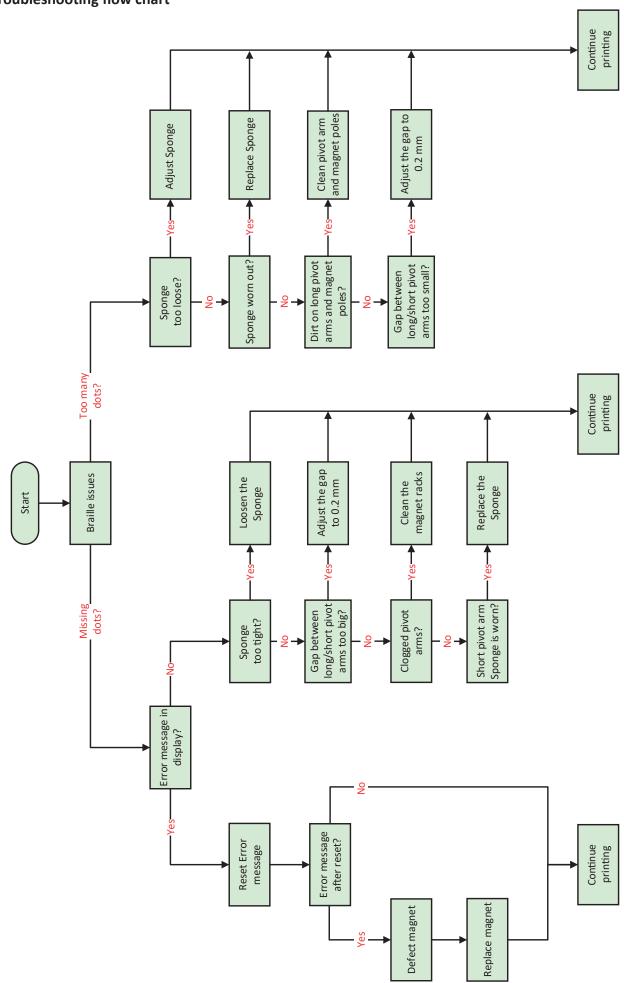
However, the best test is ordinary text, if a proofreader is available. To locate the faulty magnet rack(s), see figures and the table in section 5.1 'Printing principle' on page 52.

To confirm that you have found the correct magnet rack, you can test the magnet racks with the function 'X pattern without motor' found in the 'Manual running' menu (*Main Menu - Warning - Service/diagnostic - Warning - Manual running*). This function will run the magnets one by one sequentially without running the rest of the printer mechanism.

If a pivot arm does not move properly like the other pivot arms, it could e.g. be that the pivot arm is clogged, or that the sponge list is pushing too hard. If the suspected pivot arm is moving like the rest of the pivot arms, the problem might be within the short pivot arm/printing pin mechanism or with the position of the magnet rack itself.

To verify that you have found the correct pivot arm/magnet mechanism, it's possible to manually pull the long pivot arm against the magnet with your finger while the printer is embossing. A column of dots will then appear, and if the column is situated exactly on the same position as the error was in the first place, you have found the correct one.

Troubleshooting flow chart



Possible reasons for errors:

See figures on the next page.

If a dot from a certain printing pin is missing regularly, the reason might be one of the following:

- 1. Defect magnet (the self-diagnostic system should find this one first).
- 2. Broken short pivot arm.
- 3. The long pivot arm cannot move because of dirt.
- 4. The printing pin is stuck because of dirt, causing the short pivot arm to miss the long pivot arm.
- 5. Errors in the magnet rack board.

If dots from several printing pins are missing now and then, the reason might be one of the following:

- 1. The sponge list is pushing too hard on the long pivot arm.
- 2. The gap between the two pivot arms is too large.
- 3. The support list has become sticky on the side against the long pivot arms, and the long pivot arm does not move properly.
- 4. The sponge list on the short pivot arm is so worn/compressed that it will not give enough tension on the pivot arm.

If there are too many dots on the paper, the reason might be one of the following:

- 1. The sponge list is not pressing enough against the long pivot arm.
- 2. The gap between the two pivot arms is too small.
- 3. The magnet poles have become sticky, and this causes the pivot arms to stick to the magnet.
- 4. The long pivot arm does not move properly.

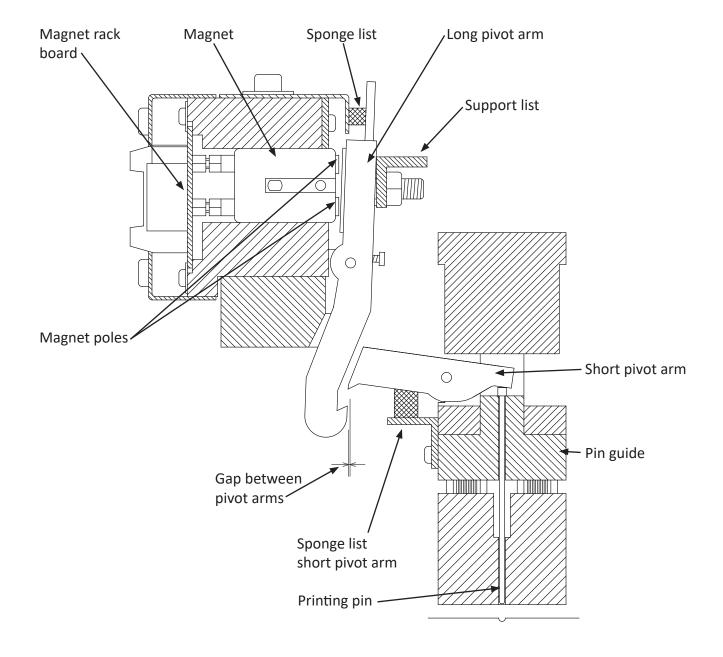
Control:

To be sure that you have found the right mechanism after the troubleshooting, you can do the following test: Pull carefully the suspected long pivot arm against the magnet with your finger.

Note! Please be careful to avoid getting in contact (e.g. clothes, hair, beard, jewellery or any part of the body) with any other moving parts of the printer to prevent personal injuries!

At the same time, run a test print. The mechanism with the finger on, will make a column of dots downwards the sheet until you take the finger away. By doing this you can see if this column of dots is situated on the same place (and same side!) of the sheet as the error is.

Observe that the same printing mechanism (magnet, long pivot arm, short pivot arm and printing pin) makes all the dots in a column downwards the page.



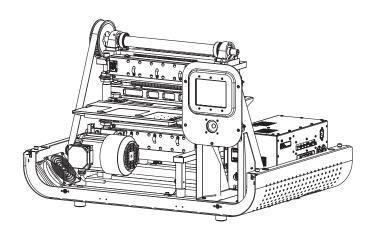
5.3 Magnet rack - removal

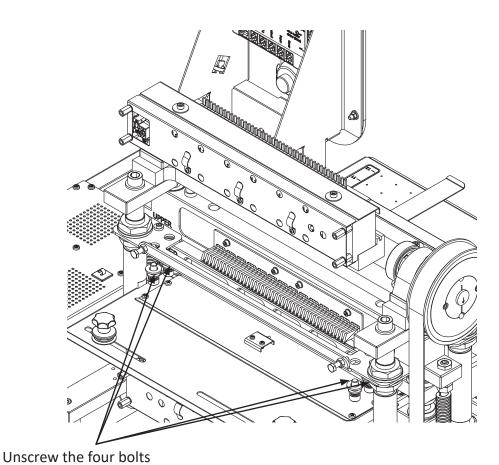
Please see figure below.

Disconnect the two cables for the magnet rack. Remove the magnet rack by unscrewing the four screws like shown in the figure.

It can be convenient to remove the input paper guide and the paper feed tractor first to get more space.

See section 5.17 'Paper feed assembly - removing' on page 85 and section 5.20 'Input paper guide - removing' on page 88 for descriptions on how to remove them.



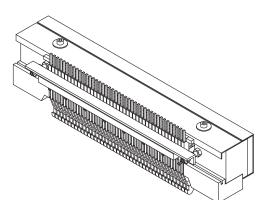


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5.4 Magnet rack - disassembly, step by step

There are two main reasons for disassembling the magnet rack. It could be to replace some parts, i.e. defect magnet or worn pivot arm, or it could be for regular maintenance.

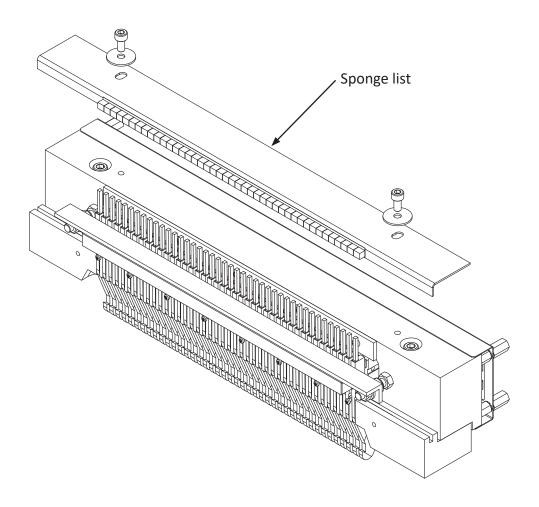
The magnet racks can be considered as the part of the printer that will have the greatest influence on the dot quality, so it's very important to know how to deal with them.



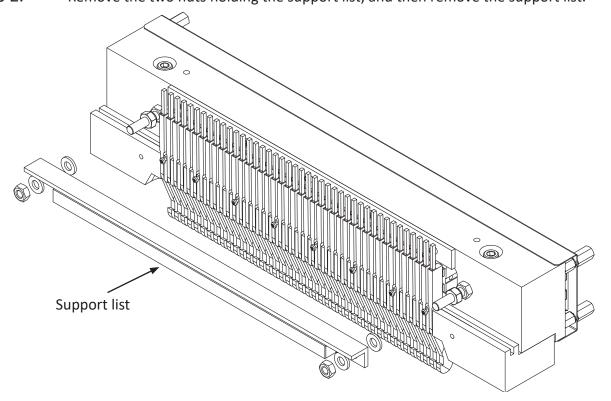
Take the magnet rack out of the printer like described in section 5.3 'Magnet rack - removal' on page 62.

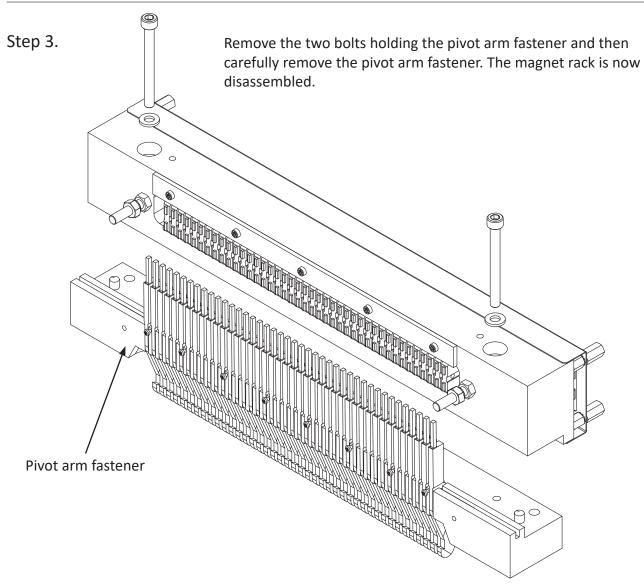
Next, follow the instructions below.

Step 1. Remove the two bolts holding the sponge list, and then remove the sponge list.



Step 2. Remove the two nuts holding the support list, and then remove the support list.





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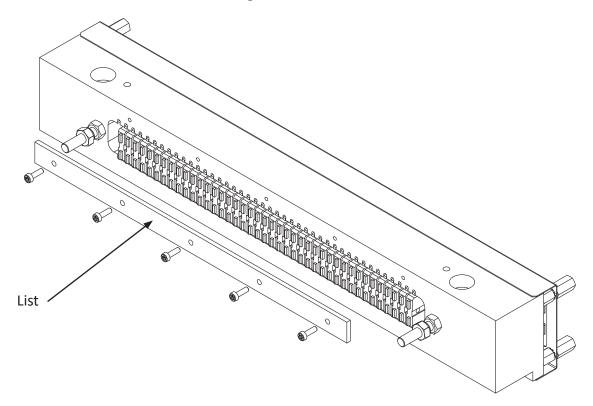
5.5 Magnet - replacement

Please observe that the numbering on the magnets in a magnet rack, always starts at "one" at the end where the connections are. (It does not refer to dot number, character number or column number!).

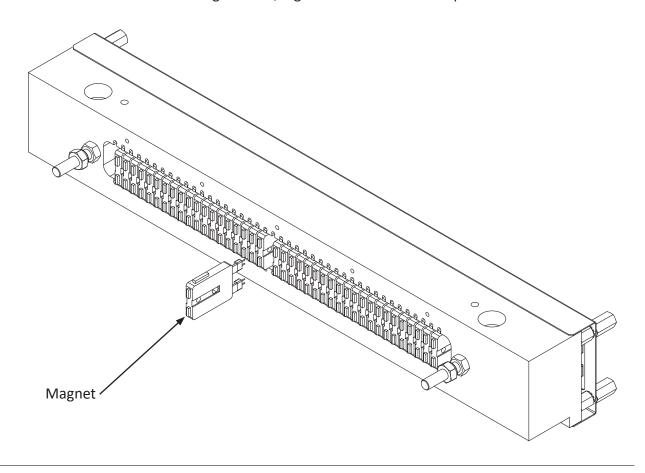
Disassemble the magnet rack like described in section 5.4 'Magnet rack - disassembly, step by step' on page 63.

Next, follow the instructions below.

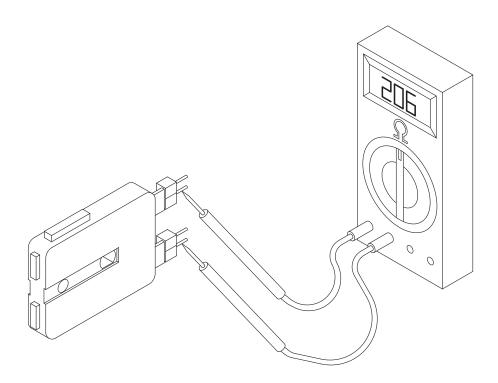
Step 1. Remove the five screws holding the list, and the list.



Step 2. Pull out the defect magnet with, e.g. a narrow needle nose pliers.

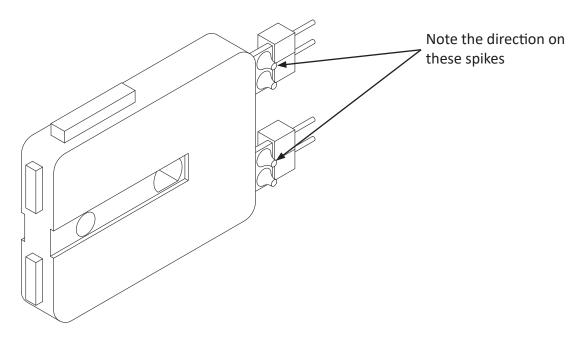


Step 3. Check the magnets internal resistance if you have an ohm-meter available. The resistance should be from 185 ohm to 240 ohm. Any value outside this range indicates a defect magnet.



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Step 4. Replace the defective magnet with a new magnet. Note the spikes on one of the sides on the magnet. These spikes must be oriented the same direction as the rest of the spikes in the magnet rack.



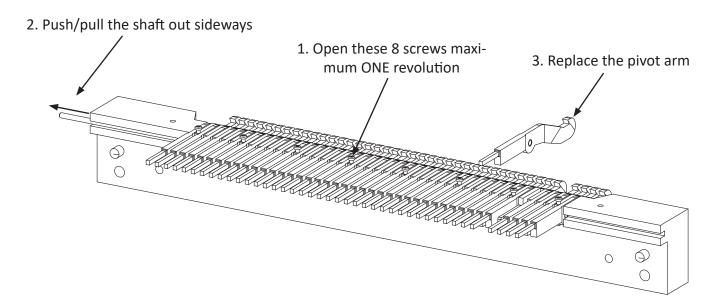
5.6 Pivot arm - replacement

To take out or replace a pivot arm, you must first loosen the 8 small screws on the pivot arm fastener. Note! Only loosen these screw about one revolution, do not unscrew them completely!

When the screws are loose, the pivot arm shaft can be pushed out sideways.

Push/pull the shaft so the pivot arm you will replace becomes loose.

When assembling, position one and one pivot arm and at the same time push the shaft gradually in place. Tighten the 8 screws carefully again.



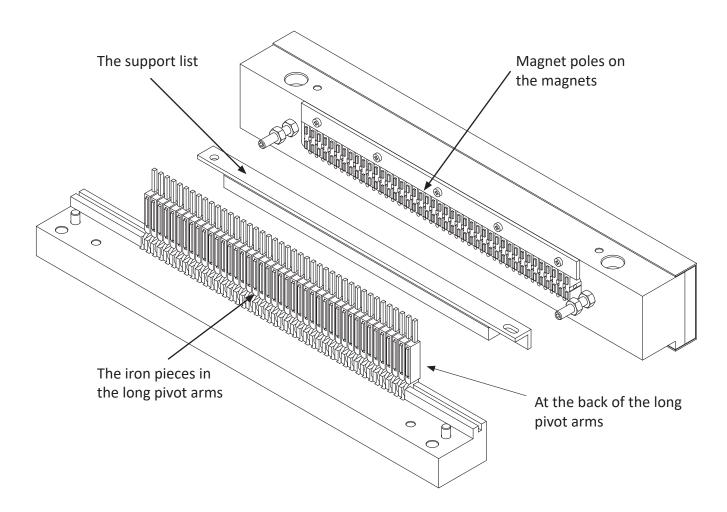
5.7 Magnet rack - cleaning

Remove the magnet rack as described in section 5.3 'Magnet rack - removal' on page 62. Then disassemble the magnet rack as described in section 5.4 'Magnet rack - disassembly, step by step' on page 63.

Now use a damp cloth moistened with cleaning alcohol to wipe off the surfaces as described in the figure below.



Note! Never oil, grease or lubricate any of the moving parts on a magnet rack! This will only attract paper dust and cause clogging.



5.8 Magnet rack - adjustment

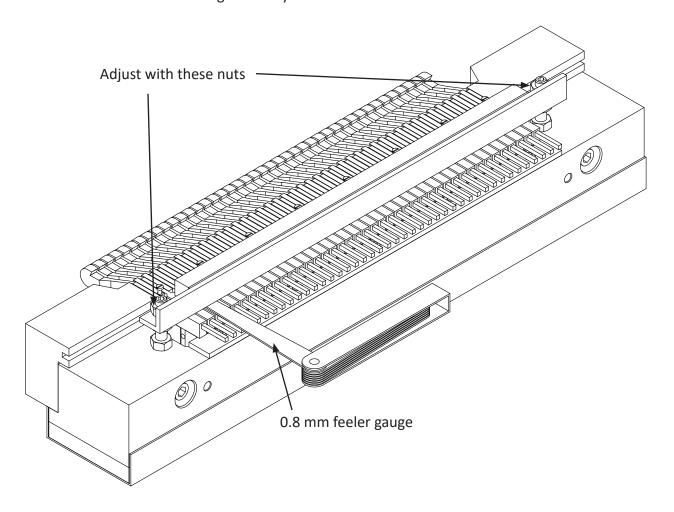
Before placing the magnet rack in the printer, two adjustments must be checked, the support list and the sponge list.

Support list

The first is the distance between the support list and the pivot arms. This is the travelling distance for the pivot arm. And it should be adjusted to about 0.8 mm using a feeler gauge. Adjust the nuts on both ends of the magnet rack.

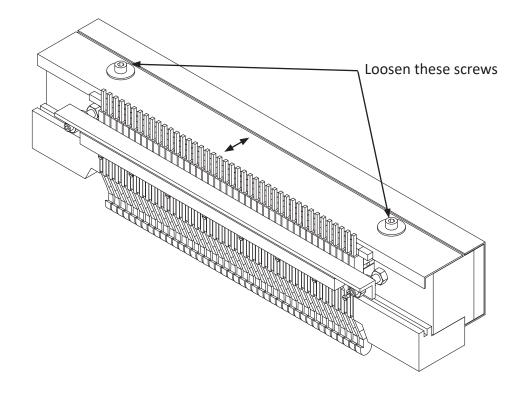
If the 0.8 mm feeler gauge goes half way in, and the 0.9 mm feeler gauge does not go in at all, consider the adjustment OK.

Make sure that the nuts are tight when you are done!



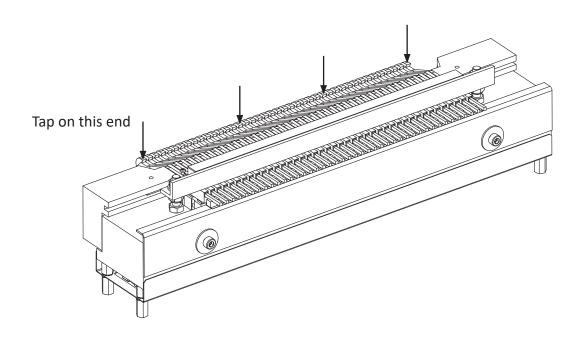
Sponge list

The second adjustment is the pressure the sponge list makes against the pivot arms. The sponge list works as a return spring for the pivot arms. The correct adjustment is when the sponge list is slightly pressing against the pivot arms, but the pivot arms can still move freely. Use the 'click-test' described below to check if the pressure is sufficient.



The click-test

Lay the magnet rack on a table as shown on the figure below. Then tap with your fingers on the end of the pivot arm as the arrows indicates. If you can hear a 'click' when tapping, increase the pressure on the sponge list a little.



5.9 Magnet rack - refitting and adjusting

Before putting the magnet rack back on the printer, make sure that the magnet rack itself is adjusted as described in the previous section.

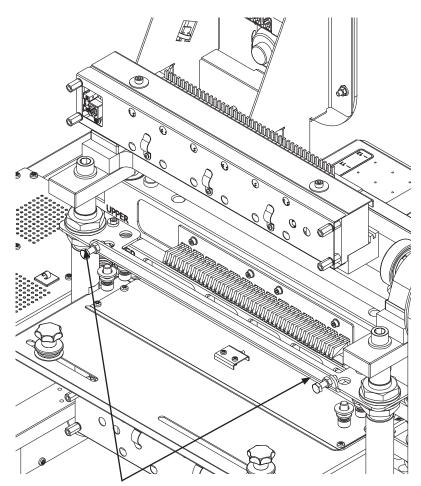
When placing the magnet rack in the printer:

Put in the four fastening screws, but do not tighten them. Slide the magnet rack horizontally away from the printer, so that the magnet rack is touching the horizontal adjustment screws. This will ensure that the magnet rack is in the exact same position as before it was taken off the printer.

See next section regarding correct adjustment of the magnet racks.



Note! All explanations refer to one magnet rack, but these adjustments must be done on all four magnet racks.

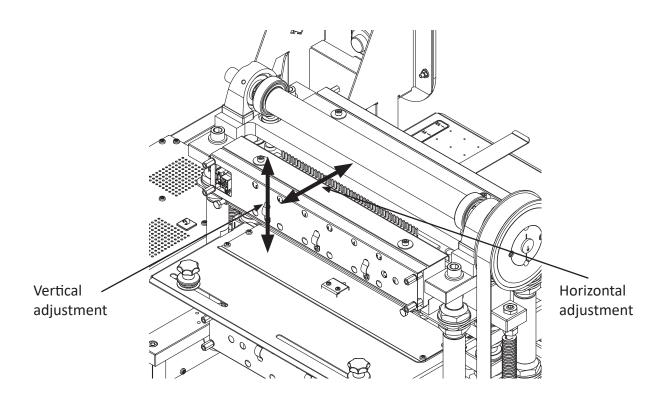


Pull back against these positioning screws on both ends

The magnet rack must be adjusted in two directions, horizontal and vertical.

The horizontal adjustment is done first. This adjustment positions the magnet rack correctly in relation to the short pivot arms. If the printer prints too many or too few dots, the horizontal adjustment could be the problem.

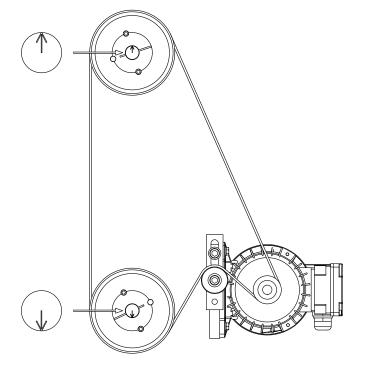
Then the vertical adjustment is done. This adjustment will affect the pressure the pivot arms put on the printing pins. This directly affects the shape of the printed dots.



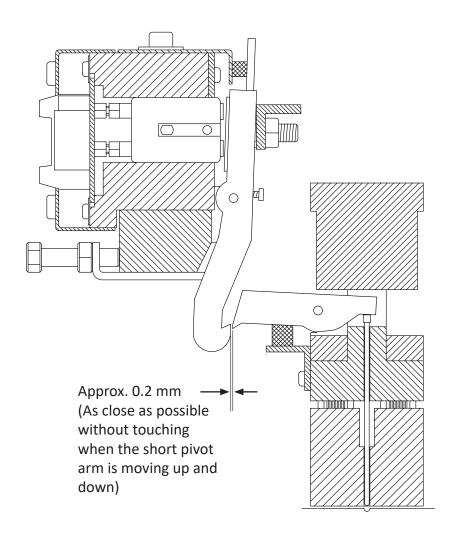
To be able to adjust the magnet rack correctly, it's necessary to put the printer in "printing position".

This is done by rotating the main belt by hand until the arrows at the ends of the shaft are pointing exactly 180 degrees away from each other.

It's possible to get the mechanism to balance in this position, but you can also lock the shafts with e.g. a self locking wrench (vice-grip pliers).



When the arrows at the end of the shafts are pointing in the opposite direction of each other, the short pivot arms will be approximately positioned like in the figure below.



The gap between the long and the short pivot arm should be approximately 0.2 mm. When adjusting this, make sure that the gap is even for all the pivot arms and the same on both ends of the magnet rack.

How to adjust:

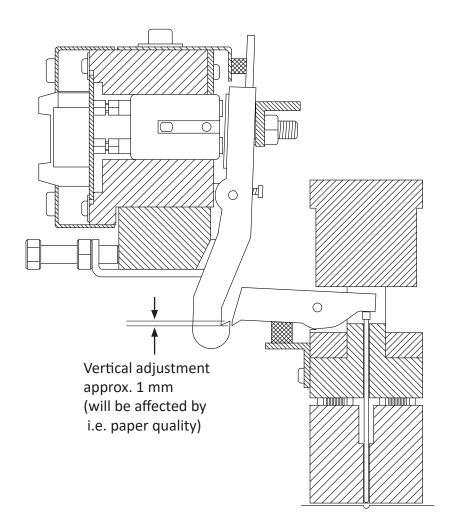
Observe that the screw for horizontal adjustment will not pull the magnet rack outwards, they will only push inward.

So the best way of doing this, is to loosen the four fastening bolts holding the magnet rack. Then unscrew the horizontal adjustment screw a little. Now slide the magnet rack outward from the printer, so it touches the horizontal adjustment screws again. Then tighten the four fastening screws just a little so the magnet rack is held firmly in place, but is still able to move. Use the horizontal adjustment screw to move the magnet rack closer to the printer. If this is done in small steps, it's possible to watch the gap getting smaller, and the trick is to stop just before the long pivot arm is touching the short pivot arm.

When the position is correct, tighten the four fastening bolts.

Next is vertical adjustment.

Note! The printer must be in the "printing position" when checking this distance.



The vertical adjustment of the magnet rack sets the pressure of the printing pins when making dots.

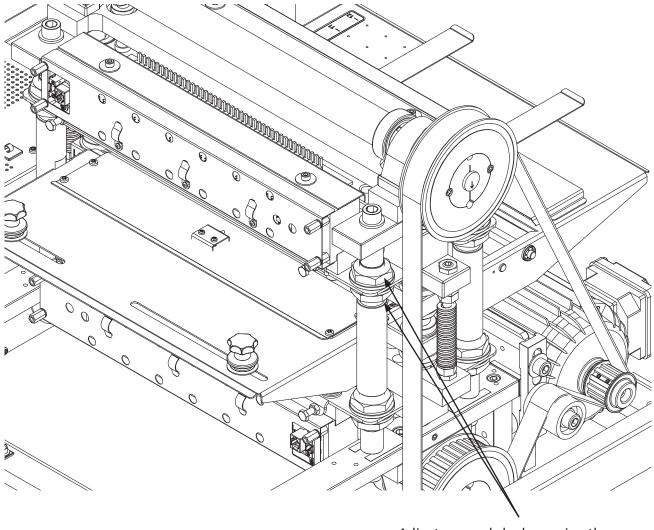
The amount of pressure needed depends on several things. The first (and most important) is the paper quality. The second, is the personal preference of the dot quality.

So the best way to find the correct level of vertical adjustment, is to first decrease the pressure so the dots will be very faded and weak.

Then readjust the pressure up in small steps until the dot quality is satisfactory. By doing this you can make sure that you are running the printer with just enough pressure to make good dots, but not so much pressure that the printer will be worn/damaged.

From our experience we have found that the vertical adjustment should be approximately 1 mm, but if the braille dots are too weak, you may adjust the magnet rack tighter in small steps (increase the 1 mm distance).

Please see figure on next page:



Adjust upwards by loosening the upper nut and then tighten the lower. Do this on both ends, so the magnet rack stays levelled

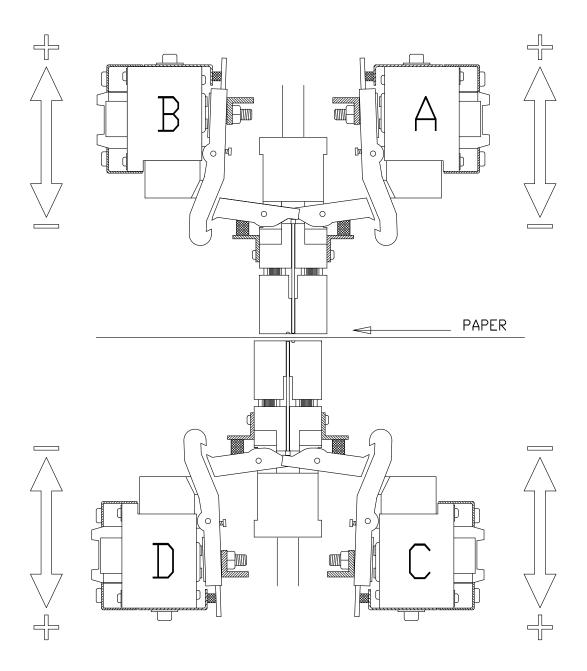


Note! Adjust in small steps, only 1/4 of a revolution at a time. Then test the braille quality.



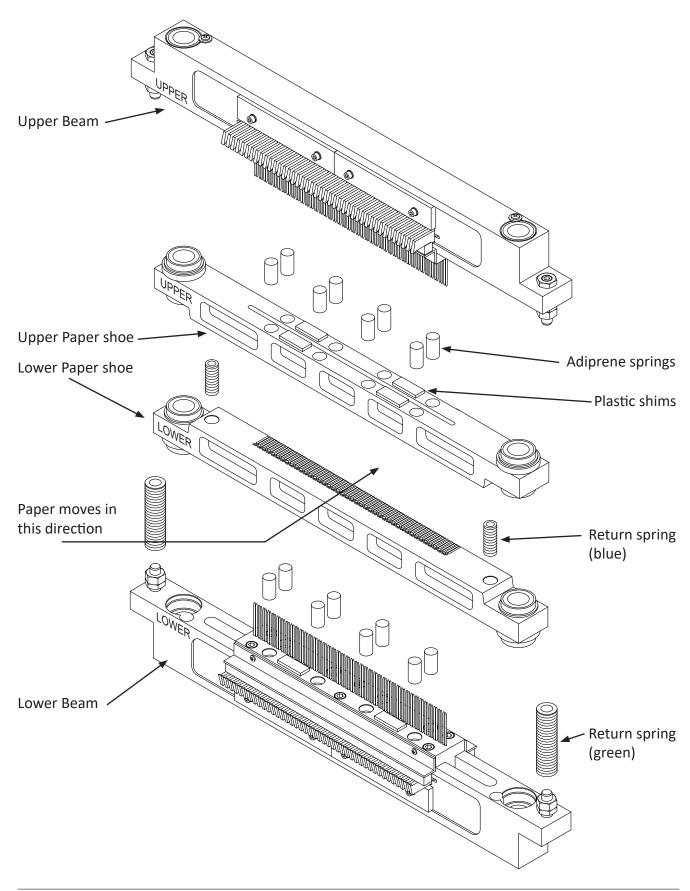
Note! When adjusting the magnet racks vertically, observe that magnet rack A and B must be moved upwards to increase the pressure, and magnet rack C and D must be moved downwards to increase the pressure.

(Moving away from the paper increases pressure).



5.10 Beam and Paper shoes - overview

Please see the figures below.



5.11 Beam and Paper shoes - removal and refitting

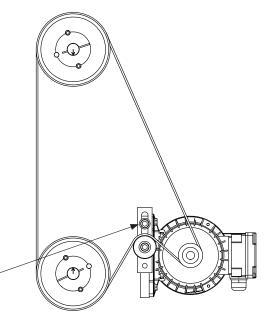
To remove the beam and paper shoes, some other parts must be removed first. It must be done in this order:

- 1. Remove the belt
- 2. Remove the input paper guide
- 3. Remove the paper feed tractor
- 4. Remove the top frame
- 5. Remove magnet rack A and B

1. Remove the belt

This is done by loosening the bolt for the belt tensioner. When this is done, the belt can be lifted off the upper cogwheel. Please see figure to the right.

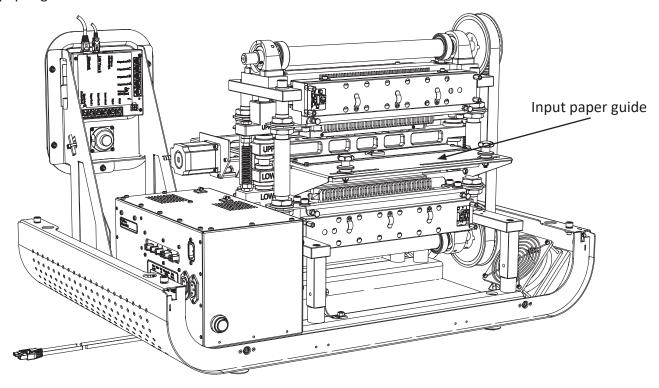
Loosen this bolt to



2. Remove input paper guide

See '5.20 Input paper guide - removing' on page 88 for information on how to remove the input paper guide.

take off the belt



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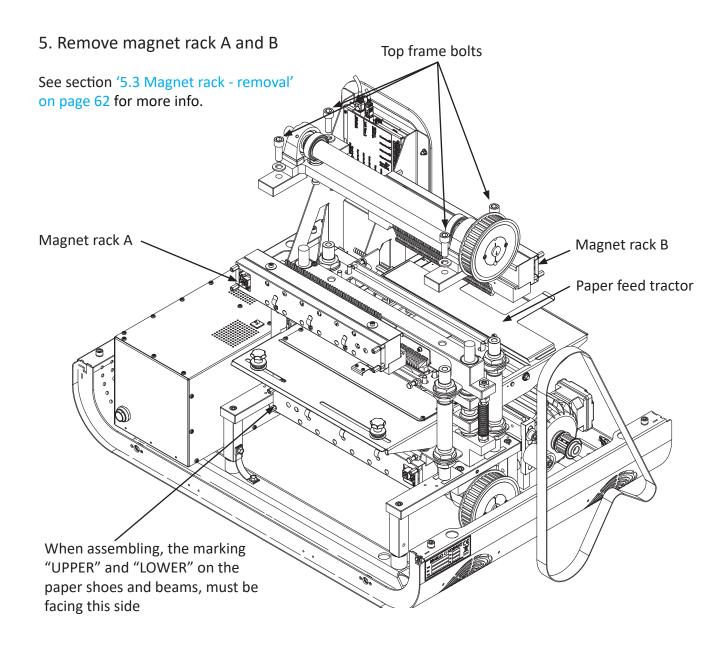
Beam and paper shoes - removal and refitting (continued)

3. Remove the paper feed tractor

Please see section 5.17 'Paper feed assembly - removing' on page 85 for a description on how to remove the tractor.

4. Remove the top frame

Unscrew the bolts as indicated on the figure below, and then lift the frame carefully upwards and place it aside.

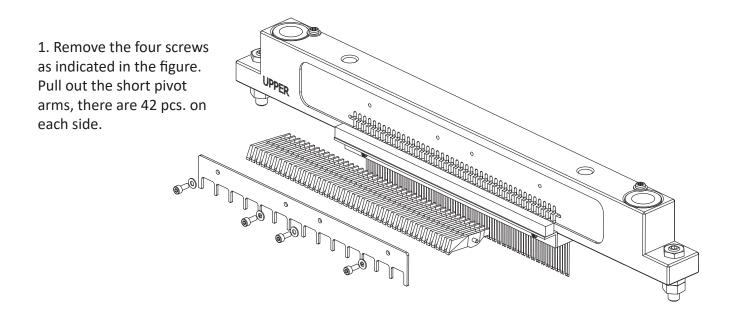


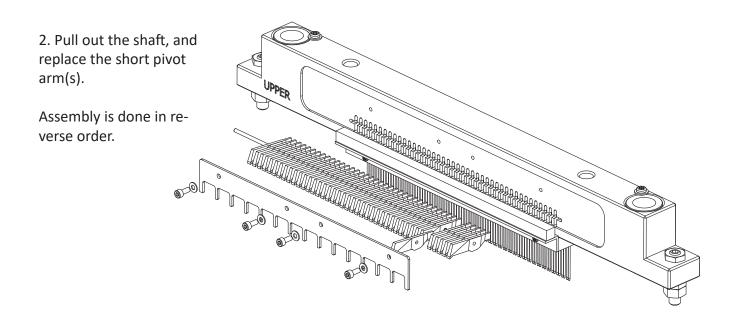
Now the paper shoes and beams can be lifted carefully upwards.

Assembly is done in the reverse order. Please note that the marking "UPPER" and "LOWER" on the paper shoes and beams should be turned to the side where the paper enters the printer.

5.12 Beam - replacement of short pivot arm

See the figures below.

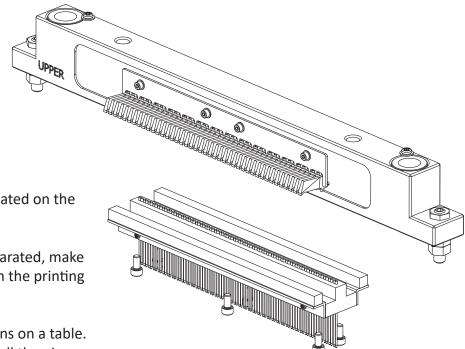




Note! When putting the short pivot arms back into the beam, be sure that the printing pins are hanging vertically like in the figure. This is to make room for the short pivot arm.

5.13 Beam - replacement of printing pin

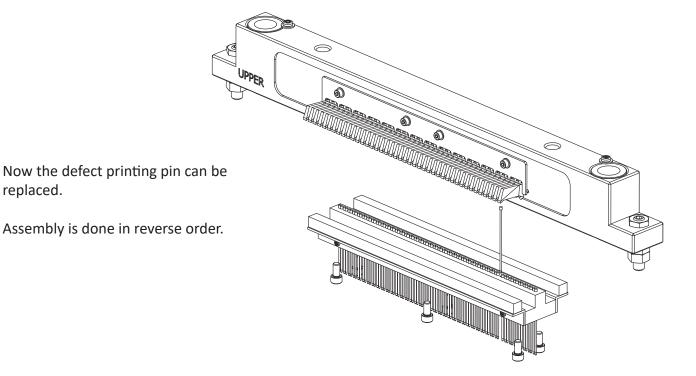
See the figures below.



Remove the six screws as indicated on the figure.

Note! Before the parts are separated, make sure that the beam is held with the printing pins hanging down.

Place the pin guide with the pins on a table. Do not turn it upside down or all the pins will fall out!!



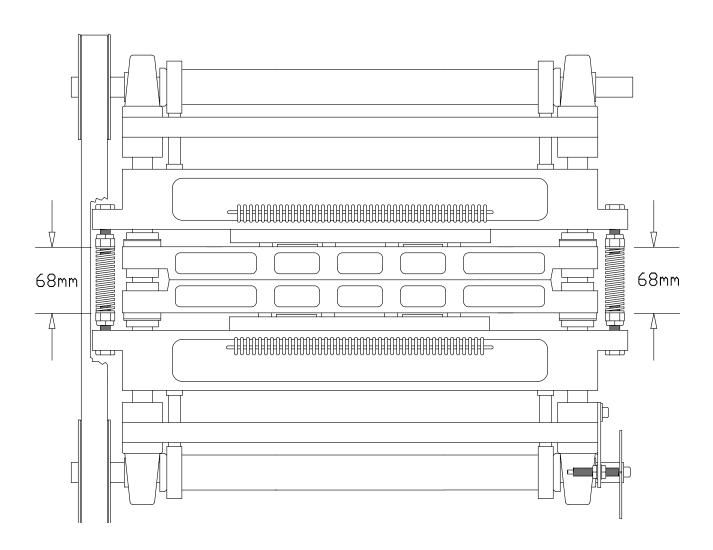
5.14 Return spring adjustment

Before performing this adjustment, make sure that the shafts are turned to the correct position. See the marks at the end of the shafts, the arrows must point directly towards each other, like in the figure below.

Then the springs can be adjusted to the correct length, i.e. 68 mm.



Note! It's critically that the length of these two return springs are 68 mm!

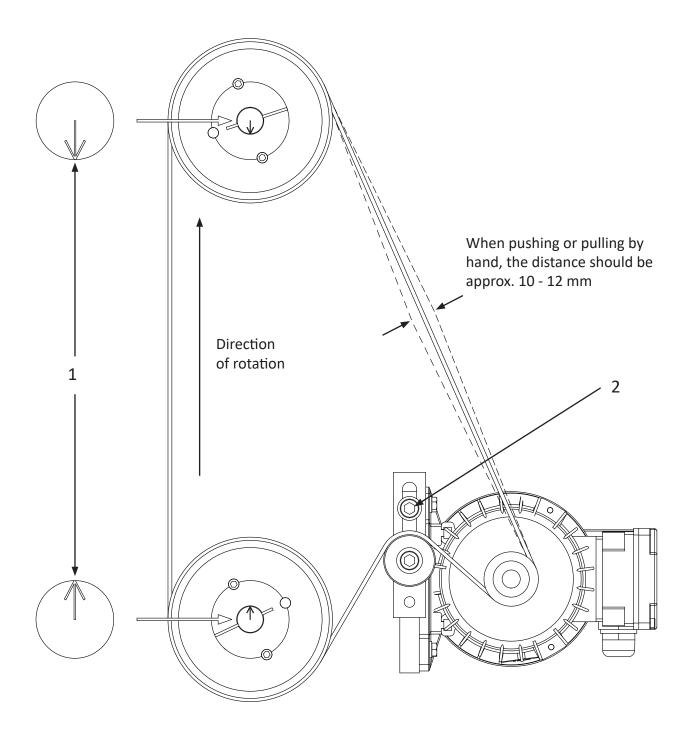


5.15 Eccentrics adjustment, belt tension

After removing the belt, it's necessary to align the eccentrics.

Put the belt back on, tighten it with the belt tightening wheel (2), and check that the arrows at the end of the shafts (1) are pointing towards each other. See figure below.

If the marks are not aligned like in the figure, it might be necessary to move the belt a notch or two on one of the wheels. This is done by loosening the belt tightening wheel (2) again, and then lift the belt up from the big wheel and move it a notch on the wheel. Then tighten the belt.



5.16 Main sensor wheel - adjustment

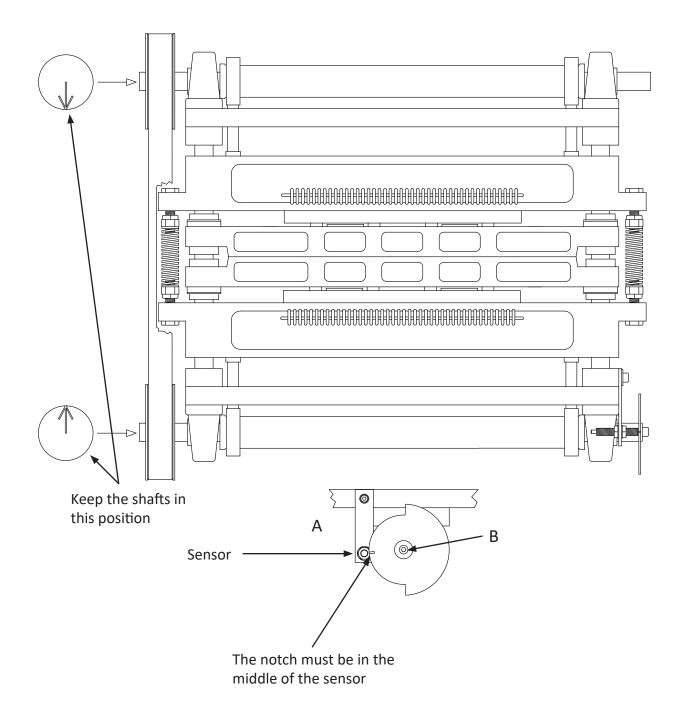
The main sensor wheel is placed on the lower shaft, on the opposite end from the belt.

The shafts must be in the position indicated to the left in the figure below.

The timing wheel should now be placed exactly like position (A) in the figure below, i.e. the mark in the middle of the opening in the wheel is placed just opposite the sensor.

If the timing wheel is not in correct position, it must be adjusted.

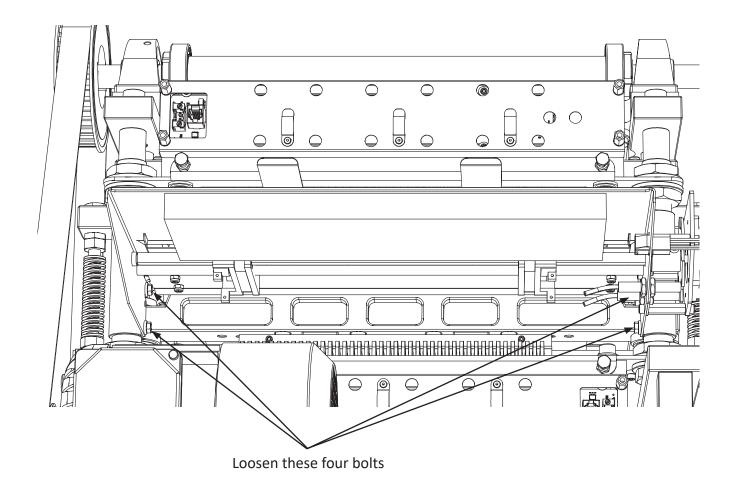
Keep the shafts in this position while loosen the screw (B) holding the timing wheel. Turn the timing wheel until the inductive sensor is placed just opposite the mark in the middle of the opening in wheel. Then fasten the screw again.



5.17 Paper feed assembly - removing

To remove the paper feed assembly, disconnect the stepping motor cable connector near the stepping motor. The sensors must be disconnected from the board.

The paper feed assembly can then be removed by loosening four bolts. There is no need to remove the bolts completely, just loosen them, and then lift the assembly up and pull out.



5.18 Paper feed assembly - adjustment

If for some reason the paper feed mechanism has been disassembled it could be that the paper will not stop correctly by the marks on the paper guide.

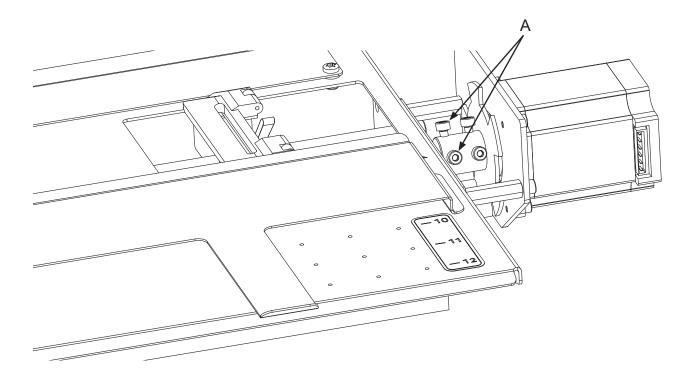
Therefore, it's necessary to adjust the relation between the paper parking position and where the stepping motor is parking.

Loosen the paper feed shaft by unscrewing the two left-hand screws (A) on the sensor wheel. Note! Do not loosen the screws for the stepping motor shaft.

Put a sheet of paper into the tractors on the paper feed.

Now the tractor feed shaft can be turned forward or backward until the paper is in the desired position.

Tighten the screws (A) again.

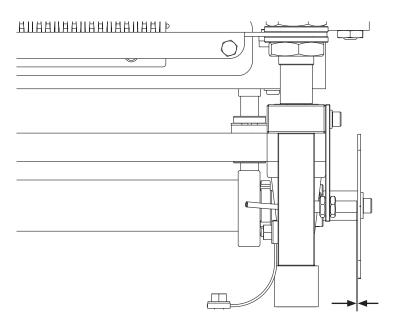


5.19 Inductive sensors - adjustment

This printer uses inductive sensors in three places. One for the main timing wheel on the lower shaft, and two are controlling the movement on the paper feed mechanism.

It's possible to check if the inductive sensors are functioning by looking at the rear end where the cable enters the sensor. Inside the sensor is a little LED lamp that will be lit if a magnetic object is in front of the sensor. So by having the power turned on, and at the same time turning the shafts, the light should go on and off.

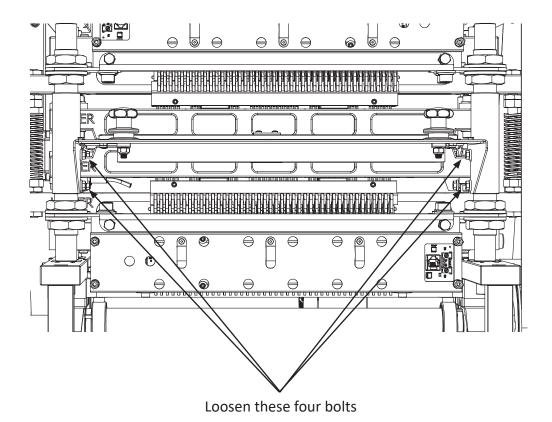
When replacing/adjusting the sensors, the gap between the timing wheel and the sensors can be maximum 0.6 mm. Check this for the whole revolution of the timing. See figure below.



Gap must be maximum 0.6 mm

5.20 Input paper guide - removing

To remove the Input paper guide, you must loosen the four bolts like shown in the figure below. There is no need to remove the bolts completely, just loosen them, and then lift the assembly up and pull out.



5.21 Paper sensor - replacing

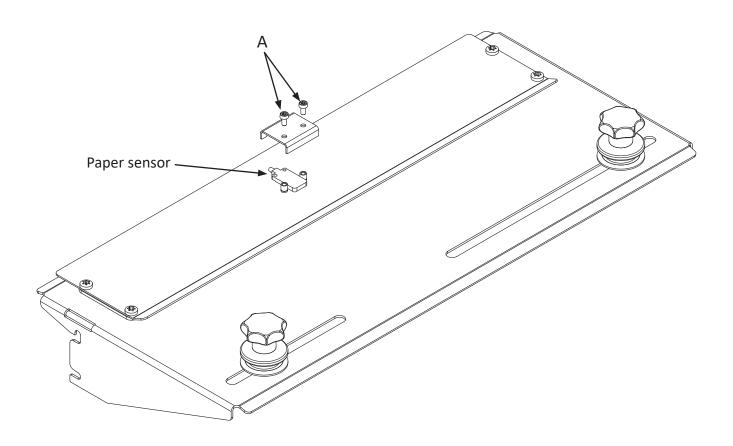
This printer has a sensor to detect if paper is present in the printer.

This sensor is situated on the paper guide where the paper enters the printer.

The sensor is an infrared reflective type, and it works by an infrared lamp which is sending light downwards, and if there is paper present, the light will be reflected back and detected by a photo transistor.

If the sensor needs to be replaced, it can be done like this:

Take the paper guide out of the printer. Unscrew the screws (A).



5.22 Maintenance

Weekly (without taking the cover off)

Does the printer print correct braille?

How is the braille dot quality?

Check for any damages on the outside of the cover.

Is the operating panel functioning?

Do the fans work? Are the fans clean?

If there is a lot of dust from the paper on the paper guides, use a vacuum cleaner.

Every 250 hours or six months

All of the weekly maintenance.

Is the printer mechanism, El-Unit, base plate and so on clean? Use a vacuum cleaner to remove the dust.

Check the main belt for wear, tear, cracks and check the tension.

Check the tractor belts for wear, tear, and cracks. Be sure to check the small spikes of the tractor belts very carefully.

Clean the magnet racks.

Check the sponge list for the long pivot arms on all four magnet racks, the sponge list should be able to keep the long pivot arms pressed against the support list.

When putting the magnet racks back in, check all the magnet rack adjustments.

Check if the printing pins move freely, and if not, clean the printing pin guide.

Every 500 hours or twelve months

All of the 250 hours or six months maintenance.

Check all four sponges for the short pivot arms, the sponge should be able to keep the short pivot arm pressed all to the end of its travelling distance.

Check the wear on the push rod (12 x 56). This can be measured with a caliper, and the length must be between 55.90 and 56.00 mm.

Check if the paper shoes are worn. The printer should be able to give good braille dot quality, but if not, worn paper shoes could be the reason.

Check the length on the printing pin. This can be measured with a caliper, and the length must be between 64.40 and 64.50 mm.

Lubricate all the stroke ball bearings, using a universal grease with molybdensulfid.

Lubrication should be done as shown in the figure on the next page.

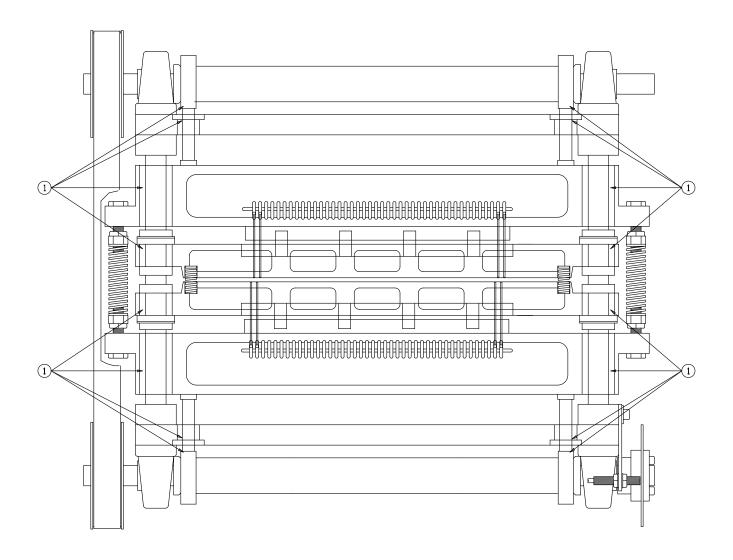
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Lubrication

This should be done every 500 running hours, or approximately once a year.

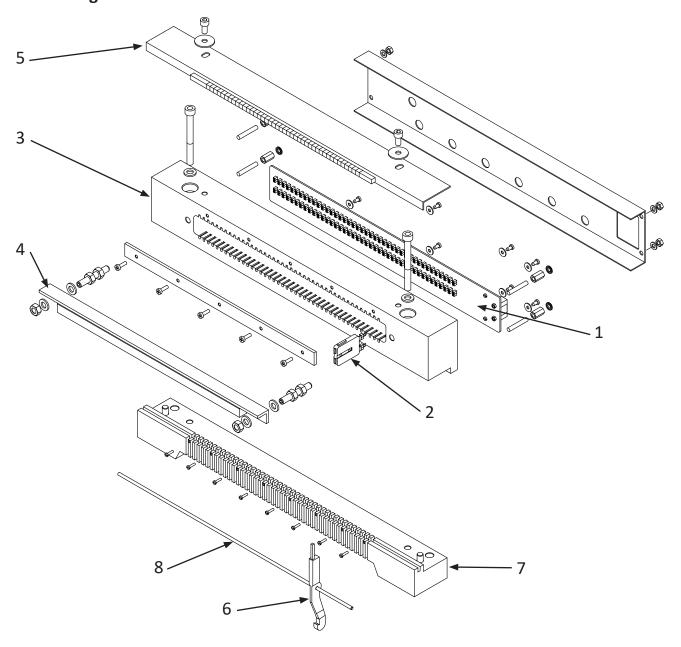
Lubricate all items marked "1" on the figure below. (These are the only locations in the printer grease may be applied!).

Use a universal grease with molybdensulfid.



6. PARTS - EXPLODED VIEWS

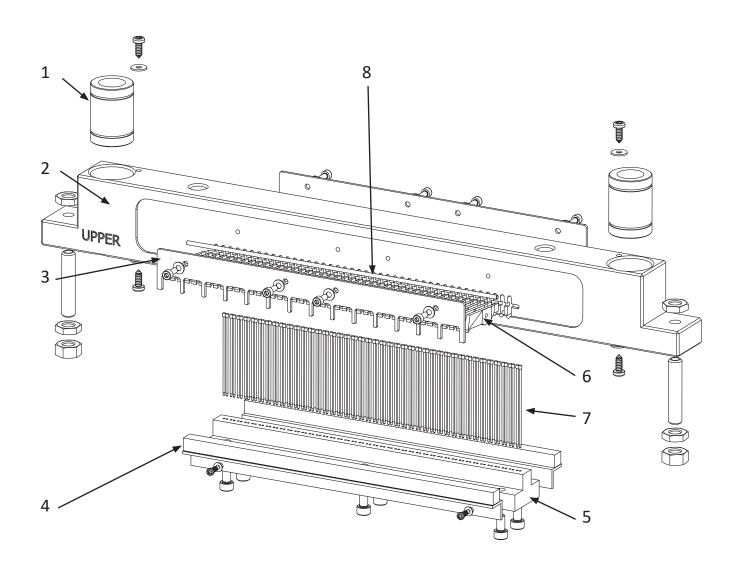
6.1 Magnet rack



B3985-00310, Magnet rack assembly

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity per. rack
1	10-60372	Magnet rack board 42 2.1	1
2	B3985-30191	Magnet	42
3	B3985-4029C	Magnet rack	1
4	B3985-40660	Support list, magnet rack	1
5	B3985-40680	Sponge list	1
6	B3985-40690	Pivot arm, long, Type F, Green	42
7	B3985-4109E	Guide list, magnet rack	1
8	SW985-40815	Shaft, long pivot arm, Ø3x309	1

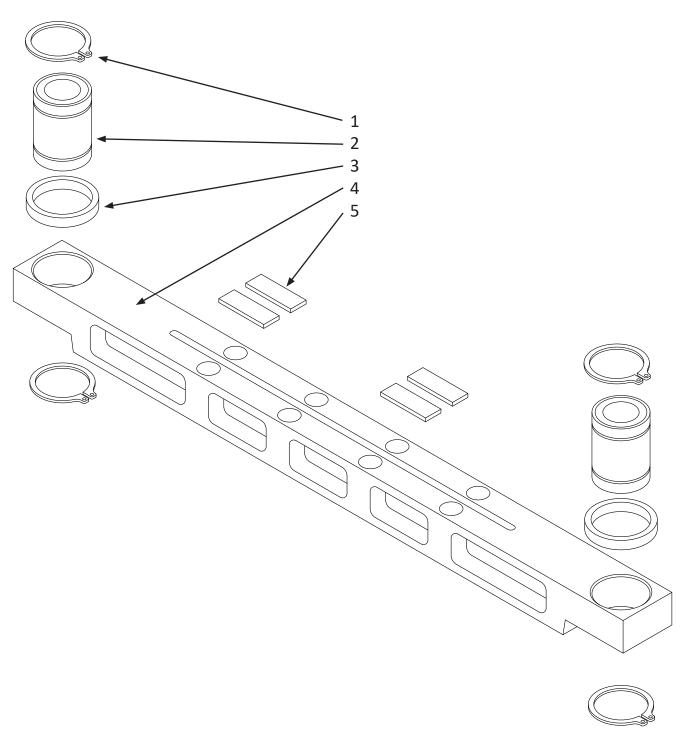
6.2 Beam



B3985-40101, Beam upper assembly B3985-40091, Beam lower assembly

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity per. beam
1	MA500-50001	Stroke ball bearing Ø20	2
2	B3985-40100	Beam, upper	1
2	B3985-40090	Beam, lower	1
3	B3985-40102	Fastener for short pivot arm shaft	2
4	B3985-40670	Sponge list for short pivot arm	2
5	B3985-4011C	Pin guide	1
6	B3985-4016E	Pivot arm, short, Type E, Green	84
7	B3985-40150	Printing pin, length = 64.5 mm	84
8	B3985-40490	Shaft, short pivot arm Ø3x260	2

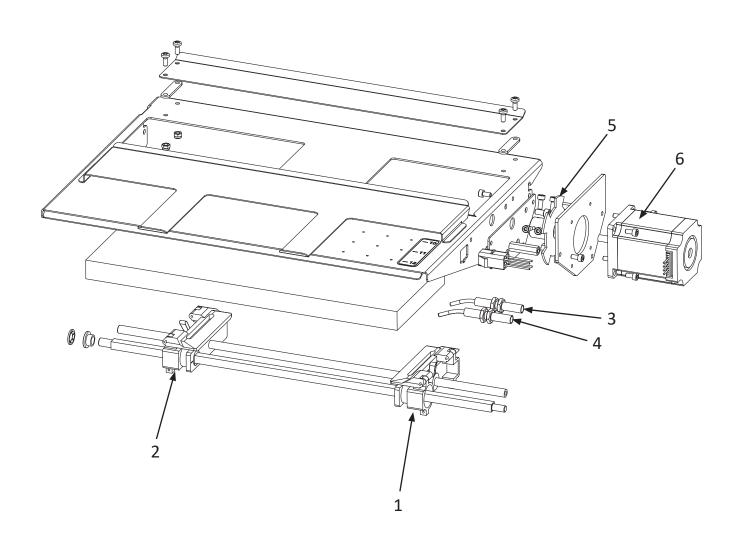
6.3 Paper shoe



30-64640, Paper shoe, upper assembly 30-64630, Paper shoe, lower assembly

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity per. shoe
1	MA510-10003	Retaining ring	4
2	MA500-50001	Stroke ball bearing Ø20	2
3	B3985-40913	Spacer	2
4	B3985-4095C	Paper shoe upper	1
4	B3985-4094C	Paper shoe lower	1
5	B3985-40722	Plastic shims	4

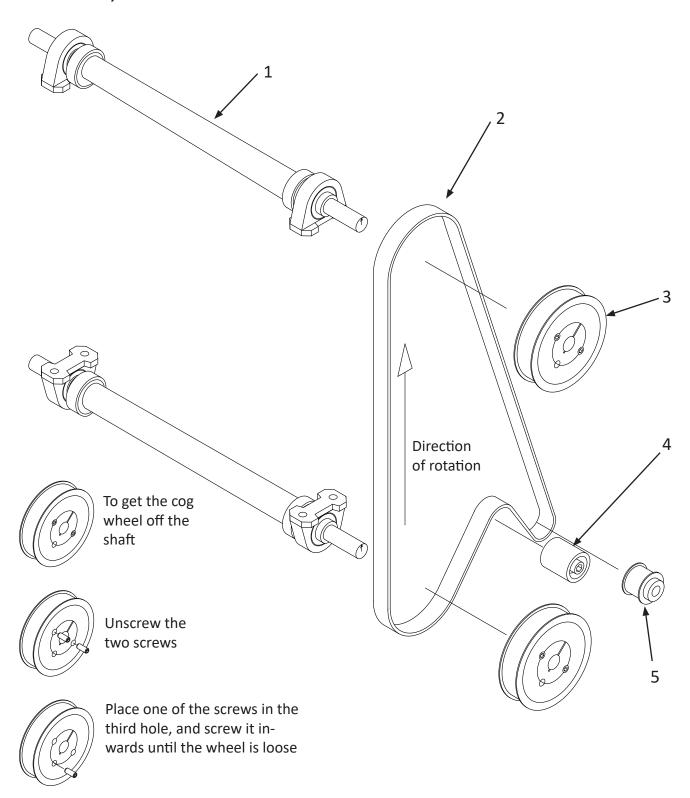
6.4 Paper feed



30-63011, Paper feed tractor assembly

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity
1	MA540-20403	Tractor unit 1064, Left	1
2	MA540-20404	Tractor unit 1064, Right	1
3	10-61966	Paper feed sensor no. 1	1
4	10-61967	Paper feed sensor no. 2	1
5	B3975-30854	Timing wheel with hub	1
6	EA185-00025	Stepper motor	1

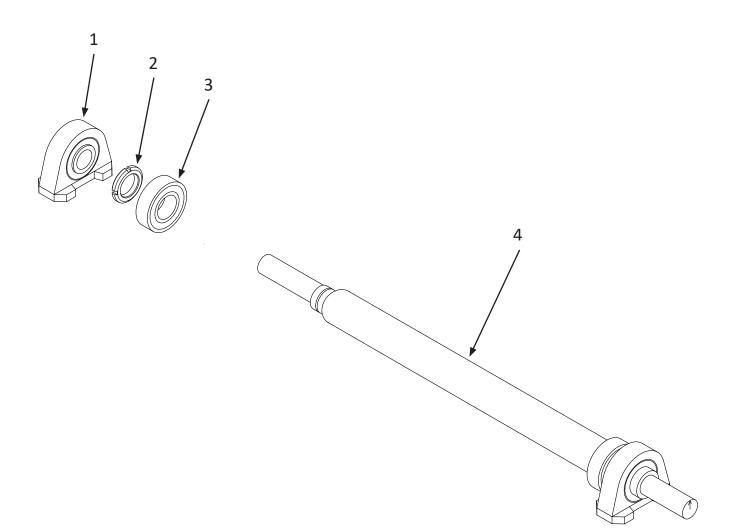
6.5 Shafts, belt



Parts shaft, belt

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity
1	30-64606	Shaft, complete with bearings	2
2	MA505-20003	Belt 540 L	1
3	MA505-10004	Cog wheel 40 L 100	2
4	MA505-40001	Belt tensioner	1
5	B2990-30840	Cog wheel 12 L 100	1

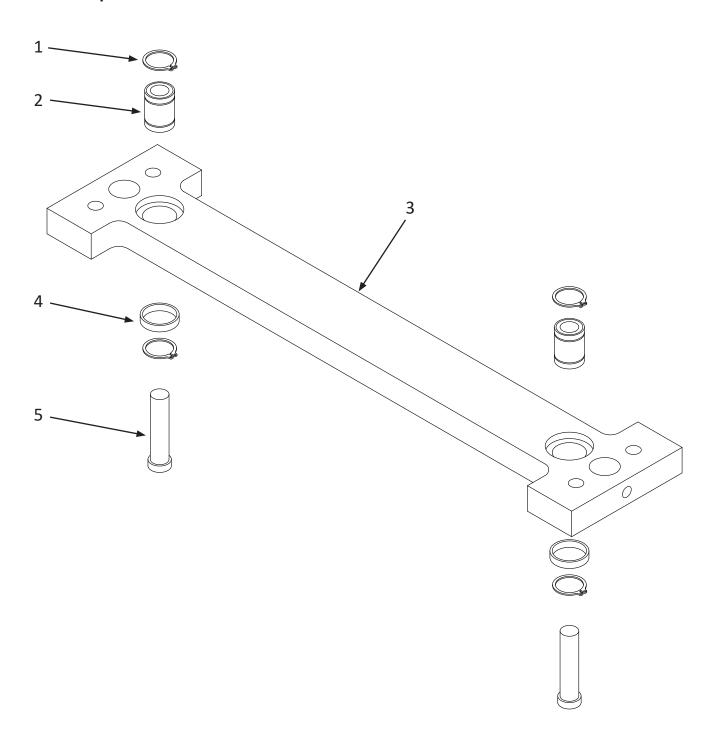
Shaft, exploded view



30-64606, Shaft assembly

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity per. shaft
1	MA500-20002	Main bearing with housing (not part of 30-64606)	2
2	MA443-30001	Nut KM5	2
3	MA500-10002	Bearing outer eccentric 6205 2Z	2
4	15-69000	Main shaft	1

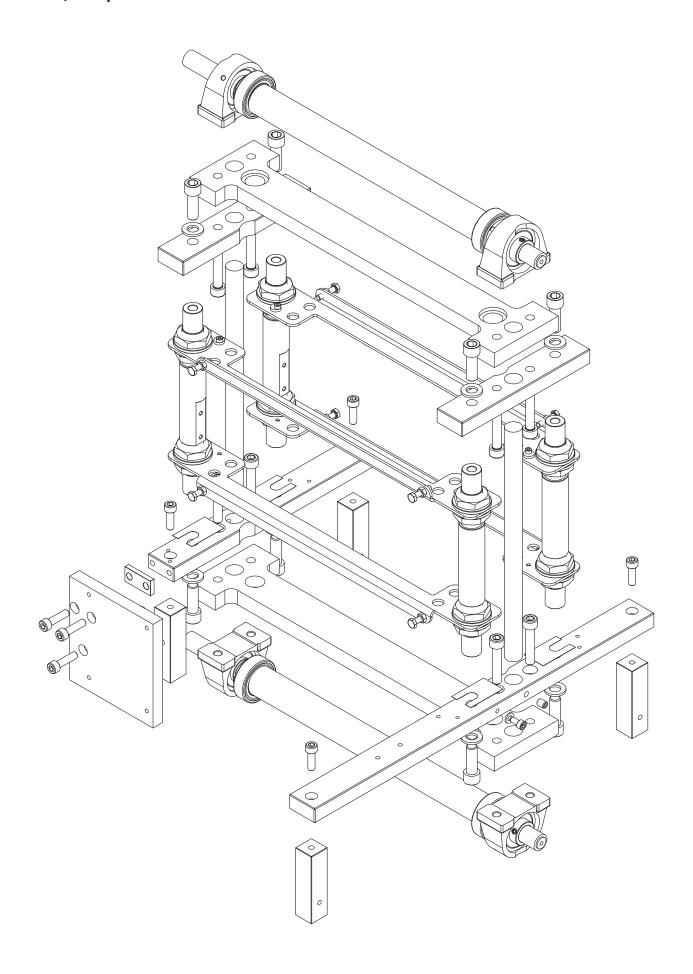
6.6 Top and bottom frame



30-64665, Top and bottom frame assembly

Pos.	Part no.	Name	Quantity per. frame
1	MA510-10002	Locking ring Ø22	4
2	MA500-50002	Stroke ball bearing Ø12	2
3	B3985-42000	Frame	1
4	B3985-40912	Spacer Ø22	2
5	B3985-40130	Push rod steel Ø12x56 (not part of 30-64665)	2

Frame, complete



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7. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

7.1 Technical specifications

Format

Characters per line: 10-42 char.

Sheet length: 4-14 inches

Sheet width: 140-330 mm

Page layout: Normal/Z-fold

Page 1: Up/down

Printing type: Single sided/interpoint

Line spacing: Adjustable, from 0.3175 mm to 10.16 mm. Standard is 5.08 mm

Dot: 6/8

Page length: No form feed/normal/normal -1 to -9 lines

Braille cell: Standard medium 6 or 8 dot.

Paper weight: 120 - 180 g/m², recommended 150 g/m²

Printing speed Up to 300 characters per second or a maximum of 900 printed

pages per hour (based on a 12 inch sheet).

Electrical

Voltage: Single phase 230V (+/- 10 %), 50/60 Hz

Current: Approx. 3 A max. Power: Approx. 600 W max.

Fuse in printer: 10 AT Leakage current: 3.9 mA

Communication with the computer

USB Ethernet WLAN

Environment

Temperatures: 15° - 30° C (60° - 86° F)

Rel. Humidity: 40-60 %

Measurements Patents

 Height:
 670 mm
 Norway
 no. 140335

 Width:
 660 mm
 Great Britain
 no. 2040231

 Length:
 920 mm
 USA
 no. 4261663

Weight: 105 kg Germany no. DE 2850780 C22

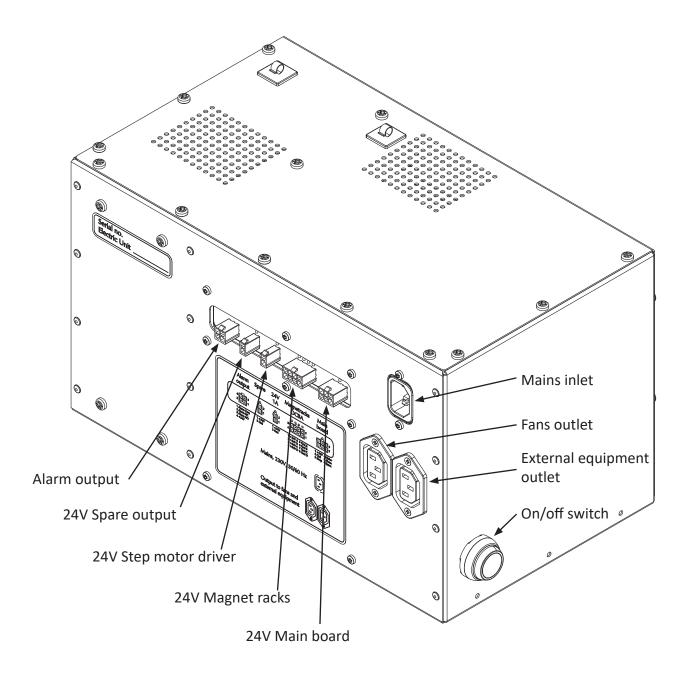
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7.2 El-Unit - overview

The El-Unit contains connections, fuses and power supply.



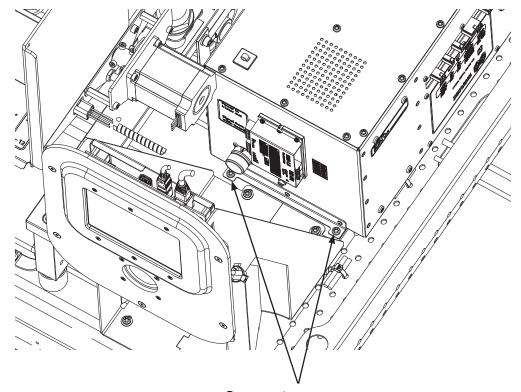
Note! Disconnect the mains when working on this unit!



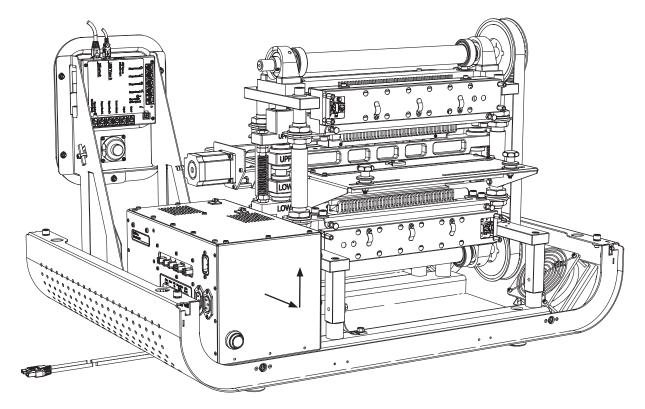
7.3 Disassembly the El-Unit

Disconnect all cables plugged into the El-Unit.

The El-Unit can be disassembled by removing the two screws at the end and then sliding the El-Unit approx. 10 mm backwards and then lift the El-Unit upwards. See figures below.



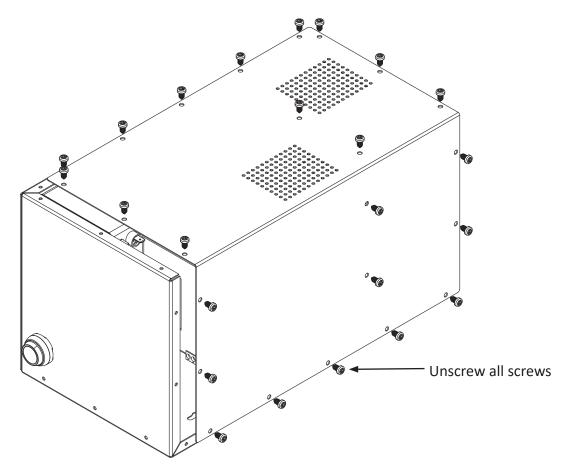
Remove two screws



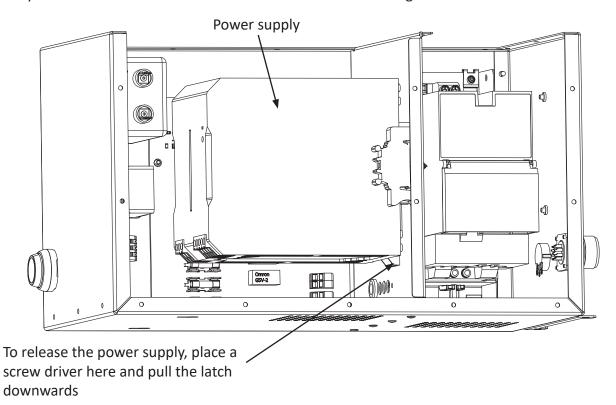
Slide the El-Unit a little backwards, then lift up

7.4 How to replace fuses

The fuses are placed on a PCB inside the El-Unit. See figures below for how to open the box. Remember to disconnect the mains cable first!

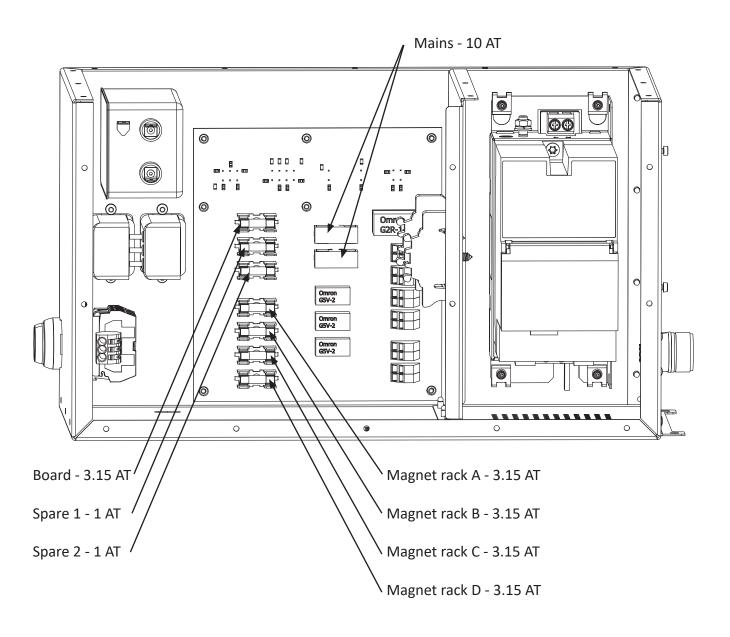


To get more room to inspect and replace the fuses, it's best to move the power supply a little out of the way. This can be done without disconnection the wires. See figure below.



The fuses

Note that the two mains fuses are placed under transparent lids. All the fuses are $5 \times 20 \text{ mm}$ and can be of glass or ceramic type.



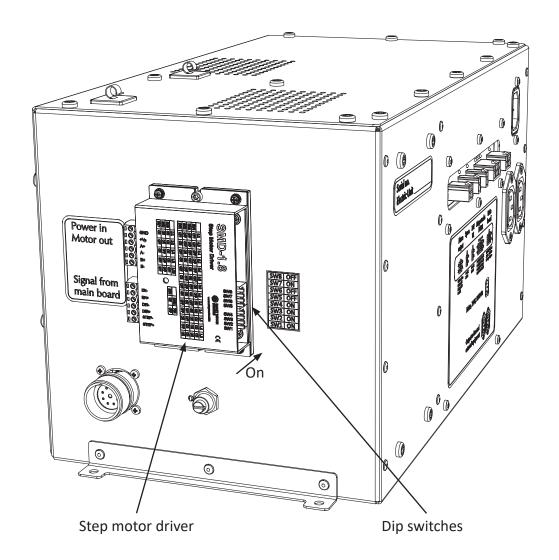
7.5 Step motor driver Dip switches

The step motor driver is configured with the dip switches that is placed on the side of the driver. Switch no. 1 is lowest and switch no. 8 is at the top.

The switches are 'On' when the lever is pushed in towards the El-Unit.

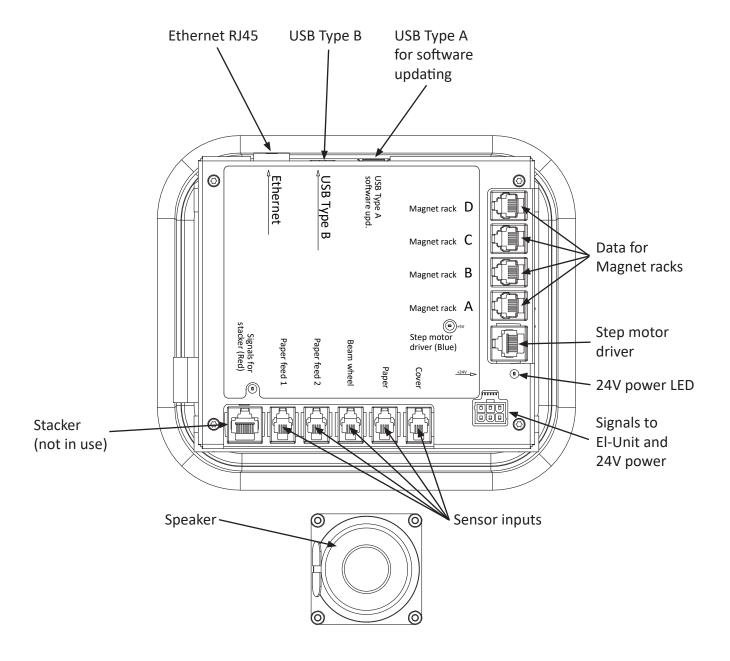
The default Dip switch settings are:

Off
On
Off
Off
On
On
On
On



7.6 Main board - connections

The main board is placed just behind the operating panel



7.7 Escape-sequences

What is an escape-sequence?

An escape-sequence is the name for a code which is sent to the printer from the computer to change the parameters which control the way the printer works. All parameters that can be set via the operating panel, can also be changed with escape-sequences.

This makes it possible to have different codes (read; escape-sequences) stored in a document. So, when the document is sent to the printer, these codes are sent first and the printer sets itself in the correct mode and format automatically.



Note! When the printer receives an escape-sequence, it will have first priority. This means, regardless of the setting made before and regardless what the operating panel dictates, the most recent escape-sequence will take precedence.



Note! Escape-sequences should be placed at the very beginning of the first page on the sheet, (e.g. page 1, 3, 5, 7 ...). However, a software form feed can be placed wherever needed. (If there is a command on the other pages, it will be skipped).

All page formatting which is done on the front page will also format the back of the same sheet. It's for example not possible to have 8 dot braille on the front page and 6 dot on the back page. It's possible to mix 6 and 8 dot braille however, as long as it's done on two different sheets.

An overview of the different escape-sequences:

ESC A nn ESC B nn ESC C n	Sheet lengthLine lengthPrint format	nn can be from 08 to 28 (4 to 14 inches) or 02 (A4). nn can be from 10 to 42 characters. n can be 0 or 1, single-sided (0) or interpoint (1).
ESC H n ESC I n ESC J n	Page layoutPage 1 up/down6 / 8 dot braille	n can be 0 or 1, normal (0) or Z-fold printing (1). n can be 0 or 1, up (0) or down (1). n can be 0 or 1, 6 (0) or 8 (1) dot braille.
ESC M nn ESC N n ESC R n	Line spacingLine single/doublePage adjust	nn can be from 0 to 16 step. n can be 0 or 1, single (0) or double line spacing (1). n can be from 0 to 9 lines.
ESC S n ESC T nn ESC 0	Form feed modePage marginSoft reset	n can be 0 or 1, no form feed (0) or normal form feed (1). nn can be from 0 to 20 step.
ESC 1 ESC 4	- Soft form feed - Print printer ID	



Note! The escape-sequences will be executed immediately if the printer is not running. However, if the printer is running, the escape-sequences will keep their place in the document, and will be executed when this particular page is printed. Also keep in mind that any page formatting command must be kept on the front page of a sheet. Then the command will affect both the front and back page, i.e. one sheet. If there are page formatting commands on the back page of a sheet, these commands will be skipped.

Please see the following explanations on how to combine different values to get the different escape-sequences.

Sheet length ESC A nn - Sheet length. nn can be from 4 to 14 inches.			Line le ESC B r nn can	_	racters.
nn can be a number from 08 to 28, corresponding to the length of the sheet in inches times two. (A 12 inch sheet will have the number 24).			Char 10 11	ASCII 027 066 049 048 027 066 049 049	HEX 1B 42 31 30 1B 42 31 31
`		,	12	027 066 049 050	1B 42 31 32
Inches	ASCII	HEX	13	027 066 049 051	1B 42 31 33
04.0	027 065 048 056	1B 41 30 38	14	027 066 049 052	1B 42 31 34
04.5	027 065 048 057	1B 41 30 39	15	027 066 049 053	1B 42 31 35
05.0	027 065 049 048	1B 41 31 30	16	027 066 049 054	1B 42 31 36
05.5	027 065 049 049	1B 41 31 31	17	027 066 049 055	1B 42 31 37
06.0	027 065 049 050	1B 41 31 32	18	027 066 049 056	1B 42 31 38
06.5	027 065 049 051	1B 41 31 33	19	027 066 049 057	1B 42 31 39
07.0	027 065 049 052	1B 41 31 34	20	027 066 050 048	1B 42 32 30
07.5	027 065 049 053	1B 41 31 35	21	027 066 050 049	1B 42 32 31
08.0	027 065 049 054	1B 41 31 36	22	027 066 050 050	1B 42 32 32
08.5	027 065 049 055	1B 41 31 37	23	027 066 050 051	1B 42 32 33
09.0	027 065 049 056	1B 41 31 38	24	027 066 050 052	1B 42 32 34
09.5	027 065 049 057	1B 41 31 39	25	027 066 050 053	1B 42 32 35
10.0	027 065 050 048	1B 41 32 30	26	027 066 050 054	1B 42 32 36
10.5	027 065 050 049	1B 41 32 31	27	027 066 050 055	1B 42 32 37
11.0	027 065 050 050	1B 41 32 32	28	027 066 050 056	1B 42 32 38
11.5	027 065 050 051	1B 41 32 33	29	027 066 050 057	1B 42 32 39
A4	027 065 048 050	1B 41 30 32	30	027 066 051 048	1B 42 33 30
12.0	027 065 050 052	1B 41 32 34	31	027 066 051 049	1B 42 33 31
12.5	027 065 050 053	1B 41 32 35	32	027 066 051 050	1B 42 33 32
13.0	027 065 050 054	1B 41 32 36	33	027 066 051 051	1B 42 33 33
13.5	027 065 050 055	1B 41 32 37	34	027 066 051 052	1B 42 33 34
14.0	027 065 050 056	1B 41 32 38	35	027 066 051 053	1B 42 33 35
			36	027 066 051 054	1B 42 33 36
Default	is 12 inches.		37	027 066 051 055	1B 42 33 37
			38	027 066 051 056	1B 42 33 38
			39	027 066 051 057	1B 42 33 39
			40	027 066 052 048	1B 42 34 30
			41	027 066 052 049	1B 42 34 31
			42	027 066 052 050	1B 42 34 32

Default is 42 characters per. line.

Print Format

ESC C n - Print Format. n can be 0 (single-sided) or 1 (interpoint).

 Print Format
 ASCII
 HEX

 Single-sided
 027 067 048
 1B 43 30

 Double-sided
 027 067 049
 1B 43 31

Default is Double-sided.

Page layout

ESC H n - Page Layout. n can be 0 (normal) or 1 (Z-fold printing).

Page Layout ASCII HEX
Normal 027 072 048 1B 48 30
Z-fold 027 072 049 1B 48 31

Default is Normal Page Layout.

Page 1 up or down

ESC In - Page 1 up/down. n can be 0 (up) or 1 (down).

Page 1 ASCII HEX
Up 027 073 048 1B 49 30
Down 027 073 049 1B 49 31

Default is Page 1 Up.

6 / 8 dot braille

ESC J n - 6 / 8 dot braille. n can be 0 (6) or 1 (8 dot braille).

Braille ASCII HEX 6 dot 027 074 048 1B 4A 30 8 dot 027 074 049 1B 4A 31

Default is 6 dot braille.

Line spacing

ESC M nn - Line Spacing. nn can be from 0 to 16 step.

Step	mm	ASCII	HEX
0	0.0000	027 077 048 048	1B 4D 30 30
1	0.3175	027 077 048 049	1B 4D 30 31
2	0.6350	027 077 048 050	1B 4D 30 32
3	0.9525	027 077 048 051	1B 4D 30 33
4	1.2700	027 077 048 052	1B 4D 30 34
5	1.5875	027 077 048 053	1B 4D 30 35
6	1.9050	027 077 048 054	1B 4D 30 36
7	2.2225	027 077 048 055	1B 4D 30 37
8	2.5400	027 077 048 056	1B 4D 30 38
9	2.8575	027 077 048 057	1B 4D 30 39
10	3.1750	027 077 049 048	1B 4D 31 30
11	3.4925	027 077 049 049	1B 4D 31 31
12	3.8100	027 077 049 050	1B 4D 31 32
13	4.1275	027 077 049 051	1B 4D 31 33
14	4.4450	027 077 049 052	1B 4D 31 34
15	4.7625	027 077 049 053	1B 4D 31 35
16	5.0800	027 077 049 054	1B 4D 31 36

16 steps are the standard line spacing (5.08 mm or 0.2"), 8 is the setting for making dots continuously down the sheet (line spacing is 2.54 mm or 0.1"). Note that if the setting is less than 7, and there is text on each line, the dots might get damaged in the printing process.

Default is 16 steps.

Single / Double Line Spacing

ESC N n - Line Single/Double. n can be 0 (single) or 1 (double) line spacing.

Line Spacing ASCII HEX
Single 027 078 048 1B 4E 30
Double 027 078 049 1B 4E 31

The function "Single or Double line spacing" will double the given line spacing. If, e.g. the current line spacing is 13 steps (4.1275 mm), selecting Double line spacing will increase it to 26 steps (8.2550 mm).

Default is Single Line Spacing.

Page Adjust

ESC R n - Page adjust. n can be from 0 to 9 lines.

Please keep in mind that there is a difference in the terms "page length" and "sheet length". By page length we mean the number of lines of text to be printed on a page, and by sheet length we mean the physical size of a sheet of paper in inches.

The number of lines which can be printed on a page, is dependent on whether 6 or 8 dot braille is used, whether what kind of line spacing is in use, and whether page length is set for Maximum, Maximum -1 or up to -9.

Omitted

Lines	ASCII	HEX
0	027 082 048	1B 52 30
1	027 082 049	1B 52 31
2	027 082 050	1B 52 32
3	027 082 051	1B 52 33
4	027 082 052	1B 52 34
5	027 082 053	1B 52 35
6	027 082 054	1B 52 36
7	027 082 055	1B 52 37
8	027 082 056	1B 52 38
9	027 082 057	1B 52 39

This setting will decrease the number of lines on each page from 1 to 9, (depending on the selected number). If, the maximum number of lines could be 29, and the setting "Max -4" is selected, the resulting number of lines will be 25. On interpoint, this function will center the text vertically on the page and keep the top and bottom margin approximately equal. On single sided, it will keep the top margin constant and only the bottom margin will vary.

Default is Maximum number of lines per page.

Form Feed Mode

ESC S n - Form Feed Mode.

n can be 0 (no form feed) or 1 (normal form feed).

Form Feed Mode	ASCII	HEX
No Form Feed	027 083 048	1B 53 30
Normal Form Feed	027 083 049	1B 53 31

Page Margin

ESC T nn - Page margin. nn can be from 0 to 20 step.

Step	mm	ASCII	HEX
0	0.0000	027 084 048 048	1B 54 30 30
1	0.6350	027 084 048 049	1B 54 30 31
2	1.2700	027 084 048 050	1B 54 30 32
3	1.9050	027 084 048 051	1B 54 30 33
4	2.5400	027 084 048 052	1B 54 30 34
5	3.1750	027 084 048 053	1B 54 30 35
6	3.8100	027 084 048 054	1B 54 30 36
7	4.4450	027 084 048 055	1B 54 30 37
8	5.0800	027 084 048 056	1B 54 30 38
9	5.7150	027 084 048 057	1B 54 30 39
10	6.3500	027 084 049 048	1B 54 31 30
11	6.9850	027 084 049 049	1B 54 31 31
12	7.6200	027 084 049 050	1B 54 31 32
13	8.2550	027 084 049 051	1B 54 31 33
14	8.8900	027 084 049 052	1B 54 31 34
15	9.5250	027 084 049 053	1B 54 31 35
16	10.160	027 084 049 054	1B 54 31 36
17	10.795	027 084 049 055	1B 54 31 37
18	11.430	027 084 049 056	1B 54 31 38
19	12.065	027 084 049 057	1B 54 31 39
20	12.700	027 084 050 048	1B 54 32 30

The "Page Margin" function will adjust the page margin in steps from 0 to 20. The standard setting is 8 (8 = normal). The page margin will give different effect when used on single-sided, compared with double-sided. On double-sided printing, one step is equal to 0.6350 mm, and the text will be centered vertically on the page. If, e.g. a page margin on 6 steps is selected, the printer will print closer to the edges of the paper, and if a page margin on 20 steps is selected, it will give a larger page margin. This will affect both top and bottom margins, i.e. page margin.

On single-sided printing, however, the page margin will actually work as a top margin. (Note! The page layout must be set to normal). One step is equal to 0.6350 mm. It will "push" the text downwards the sheet. If the text reaches the bottom, (meaning that there will not be enough space on this page for the last line), this line will wrap over to the next page.

Default is 8 steps.

Default is Normal Form Feed.

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Software Reset

ESC 0 - Soft Reset.

This command is used to reset the printer. It's used from the computer and has the same effect as pushing the key RESET PRINTER.

Software Reset should be used with care: If the printer has not finished printing, the rest of the text in the buffer will be lost, and a new paper position will be assumed by the printer. Because of this, the command is only to be used after a software form feed has been executed, and the printer has stopped completely.

ASCII HEX Software Reset 027 048 1B 30

Software Form Feed

ESC 1 - Soft Form Feed.

This command is to be used after all text in one volume has been transmitted to the printer. If text corresponding to less than two pages, or text with an odd number of pages is received, and not followed by FF on the last page, the printer will wait for more text or FF. This means that the last page may be stuck in the printer. This is due to the double-sided printing of the printer. This command makes the printer to start printing the rest of the text. After this the paper position will be the same as it had when this volume of text was started. Then page no. 1 on the next volume will start out correctly. There will always be at least one blank sheet of paper between the volumes of text when finishing each volume with a Software Form Feed.

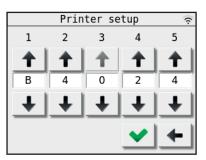
ASCII HEX Software Form Feed 027 049 1B 31

Print Printer ID

ESC 4 - Adding the printer ID.

When you have several braille printers producing the same braille material, it's not always easy to later figure out what printer made which book. It's therefore possible to add a printer ID to the last line on a sheet. There is no matter where the escape-sequence is placed on the page, the ID will always be printed on the last line. Meaning, if you send this escape-sequence on the last page of every print job, you will get the printer ID printed on the last line on the last page.

The printer ID is a 5 digit code that has to be set in the menu choice: *Main menu - Printer Setup - Printer ID*. See figure below.



7.8 Warranty

This product left the factory in a good working condition in accordance with the technical specifications and carries a warranty of 3 years on parts valid from the date of delivery from Braillo Norway AS.

Braillo will offer an additional 1 year to the standard warranty by using Braillo/American Thermoform (ATC) braille paper with your printer. The use of poor quality braille paper often causes excessive wear and tear on an printer, which causes parts to fail prematurely. Using Braillo/ATC's specially formulated braille paper will help ensure these risks are minimized.

This brings the total warranty to 4 years, or up to 10,700 hours. This amounts to up to 20.8 million braille pages.

The warranty includes:

- Replacement of defect part(s)
- Shipping cost for the replaced part(s)

The warranty excludes:

- On-site part replacement (labour, travelling and living expenses for a service engineer).
- Shipping costs for sending the faulty unit back to Braillo Norway AS (see below).
- Altered product (except as authorized by Braillo Norway AS) or product not installed or maintained in accordance with Braillo Norway's instructions.
- · Customs and duties.
- Incidents involving Force Major (for example flooding, earth quake etc. damaging the product).

Should a replacement part be required, please send an email to service@braillo.com with the following information:

- What part is defect? Add picture(s) to describe the part if you are not sure on the correct part number or name.
- What is the problem? Describe so detailed and accurate as possible.
- The printer model and serial number.
- The hour and sheet counter.
- Contact person with email and phone number.

When Braillo receives your email, we will get back to you and the parts will be shipped as soon as possible.

What to do with the defective part(s):

If a communication has been made to our service department, and an approval has been given, it will not be necessary to return the part(s) to Braillo Norway AS. In all other cases, the part(s) must be returned to Braillo Norway AS as soon as possible. If the part(s) has/have not been received by Braillo Norway AS within 2 months from the date the parts arrived on site, this is no longer regarded as a warranty matter and an invoice will be issued and sent.



7.9 Legal notices

Liability disclaimer

Braillo Norway AS reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the product to improve reliability, function or design. Braillo Norway AS does not assume any liability arising out of use of the product described herein.

All information contained in this document represents information on the product at the time of publication. Braillo Norway AS reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements and other changes to this document without notice. While Braillo Norway AS has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, it may contain technical or other inaccuracies, omissions and typographical errors. Please contact us should you find something that you feel needs correction or explanation.

RoHS and REACH statement

Braillo Norway AS products meet the requirements of Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS 2) and the requirements of the REACH regulation (EC 1907/2006) on Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals.

WEEE

This product must not be disposed of with normal household waste, but rather disposed by returning it to a designated collection point for recycling of waste from electrical and electronic equipment.



Copyright notice

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7.10 Declaration of conformity

EU Declaration of Conformity

This Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

Manufacturer: Braillo Norway AS

Address: Wessels veg 100

7502 Stjørdal Norway

Applicable Directive(s):

2014/30/EU EMC Directive
(EU)2023/1230 Machinery Directive
2014/35/EU LV Directive
2011/65/EU RoHS Directive

Object of the Declaration:

Product: Braille printer B300

Model Number: S2.1

Serial Numbers: 221275

Applied Standards:

Reference and Date Title of Standard

BS EN 61000-6-4:2019 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Generic Emissions standard

for industrial environments

BS EN 61000-6-2:2019 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Generic Immunity standard for

industrial environments.

BS EN 55035:2017+A11:2020 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – of multimedia equipment –

Immunity requirements.

BS EN 55032:2015+A1:2020 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – of multimedia equipment –

Emission requirements.

BS EN 62368-1:2020 Audio / video, information and communication technology equipment.

I hereby declare that the object of the declaration complies with all of the applicable Essential Requirements of the Directive(s).

Signed for and on behalf of: Braillo Norway AS

Name: Patrick N. Nunnelly

Position: Managing director

Place of Issue: Wessels veg 100, 7502 Stjørdal, Norway

Date of Issue: 15/01/2024

Signature:

BRAILLO B300 S2.1

7.11 Address and phone number

Braillo Norway AS

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Phone: +47 74 84 04 40

Email service: service@braillo.com
Email sales: sales@braillo.com

Web: <u>www.braillo.com</u>